The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,328—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1882.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.



THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
ROME	5032	1000	G. F. Cates	14th April
THE [illegible]	2593	450	C. Fraser	21st ,,
DECCAN	3129	550	J. B. Chapman	28th ,,
VENETIA	2726	450	A. B. Daniell	5th May.
C[illegible]	4100	750	E. M. Edmond	12th ,,
KHIVA	2609	450	G. Scrivener	19th ,,
INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	26th ,,
				Tuesday.
BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Reeves	30th May.
ROHILLA	3500	700	W. Barratt	6th June.
KASHGAR	2621	450	R. G. Murray	13th ,,
VERONA	3116	600	E. Ashdown	20th ,,
SURAT	3112	530	W. E. Breeze	27th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every mail. The Steamers marked L proceeded direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change Vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
ANCONA	2091	600	E. G. Stead	21st April.
BRINDISI	2542	550	G. Lee	5th May.

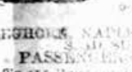
Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, April 6, 1882.

RUBATTINO STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.



THE Regular Mail-steamers, under contract with Italian Government, leave GENOA on the 24th and BOMBAY on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGER RATES FROM BOMBAY

To ALL Ports of ITALY. | To MARSEILLES.
I Class R[illegible] including wines. | I Class R 520 including wines.
II do. [illegible] | II do. 350
III do. 110 without food. | III do. 115 Without food.

Children under [illegible] years, free of charge.
Children not above [illegible] years, half fare.
Passengers [illegible] baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE [illegible] to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All [illegible] Luggage will be charged for at rates which [illegible] obtained from the Agent.

The following [illegible] 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

MAN[illegible] Monday, 1st May, 1882.
GIAVA [illegible], 15th May, 1882.
SUMATRA [illegible] Thursday 1st June, 1882.

Passengers [illegible] baggage are carried on board, free of charge, [illegible] Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder [illegible] and 11 a.m.

[illegible] Railway Tickets to London, available for [illegible]

[illegible] 7-15 A.M. [illegible] arrived. [illegible] 13, 1-20 P.M. [illegible] LONDON, April [illegible]

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—



BOMBAY TO LONDON.

S. S. KANGRA, 1,952 tons, Captain C. N. Wood, sails on TUESDAY, 2nd May, 1882, at 5 p.m., calling at Kurrachee and Lisbon, and is due to arrive in London on 11th June.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. HUZARA, 2,078 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 19th April, 1882, at 1 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on TUESDAY, 18th April, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. ORIENTAL, 1,469 Tons, on FRIDAY, 21st April, 1882, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on THURSDAY, 27th April, 1882.

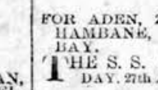
N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 13th April, 1882. Agents.

SPECIAL NOTICE.



THE s. s. CLAN MURRAY, 2,100 tons, will SAIL positively for MARSEILLES on SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

Passage money, Rs. 100.

Apply to FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. INCHMAREE, from LIVERPOOL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective goods from the Prince's Dock. All chafed or damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, and no claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents for Captain and owners, s. s. Inchmaree.
April 12, 1882.

NOTICE OF ARRIVAL.

S. S. HUGHENDEN FROM LONDON.

THIS steamer has ARRIVED, and is discharging in the Prince's Dock.

CONSIGNEES, especially of MATCHES, are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their goods at once.

No claims will be entertained after the steamer leaves.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 12th April, 1882. Agents.

NOTICE OF ARRIVAL.

S. S. SICILY FROM LIVERPOOL.

THIS steamer has ARRIVED, and is discharging in the Prince's Dock.

CONSIGNEES are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their goods at once.

No claims will be entertained after the steamer leaves.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 12th April, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy .... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance .... Rs. 10
Single Copy .... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOVELTIES IN FANS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,

Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.

1 lb. tins, each 15 as.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE NEW SEASON'S CROP, 1881.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
ROUGH SCOTCH OATMEAL,
in 2 lb. Tins.
CASH EIGHT ANNAS.

TREACHER & Co., (Limited).

TREACHER'S OZO

IS a delightful sparkling health sustaining beverage, a dissipator of mental and nervous affections, and a renewer of physical power.

Cash Rs. 2 per dozen.

INVENTORS AND SOLE PROPRIETORS,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER,

both as a personal requisite and a preventive of a very distressing hœmorrhoidal malady, is incomparably the best article produced for the purpose.

Packets containing 500 Sheets each, Rs. 1-4.
Original case containing 50 Packets, Rs. 60.

Of the Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & Co.'s
SUPERIOR FINO-SHERRY

IS a pale, dry, and delicate WINE, perfectly pure, and of great character and agreeable flavour. The Wine has been under the notice and careful consideration of the Management for several years past, and they have, therefore, every confidence in placing it before the Public, feeling assured that it will be appreciated by all who value a genuine natural Wine.

Per dozen, cash, Rs. 30.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT ATTRACTION OF THE SEASON
IN
MAMMOTH TENT
ON THE
MAIDAN.
THE IMPERIAL BOMBAY
TRINOPTICON DIORAMA,
CONSISTING OF THE
WARS OF THE 19TH CENTURY,
COMPRISING
THE ZULU, THE LATE AFGHAN, AND THE FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WARS.

Enhanced in representation
By all the MOST MODERN and MOST STARTLING SCIENTIFIC EFFECTS,
and
accompanied by an amusing and instructive LECTURE interspersed with VOCAL, DRAMATIC, and other ILLUSTRATIONS,
BY
MR. DENBIGH NEWTON,
"EOS YSTWITH" OF WALES,
AND
COMEDIAN AND BARITONE VOCALIST
OF THE
PRINCIPAL LONDON THEATRES, OPERAS, CONCERTS, AND ORATORIOS,
ASSOCIATE OF THE
LONDON ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Also late of the
CORINTHIAN THEATRE AND THEATRE ROYAL, CALCUTTA,
and
GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

FULL ORCHESTRA.

PIANISTE .. .. MISS MINNIE NORDT.
CONDUCTOR .. .. MR. C. G. BRIGGS.
EXHIBITOR OF VIEWS AND EFFECTS,
MR. DADY RUTTONJEE.

OPENING NIGHT,
WEDNESDAY, 19TH APRIL, 1882,
AND EVERY NIGHT UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
Commencing punctually at 9 p. m.
Carriages may be ordered for 11-30 p. m.

ADMISSION.

Sofa Stalls	Rs. 4
Reserved Seats	,, 3
Unreserved Seats	,, 2
Second Class	,, 1
Admission	As. 8

Seats may be booked in advance by plan at SOUNDY & Co.

Proprietor, S. N. BHEDWAR, Esq.
GENERAL MANAGER & LECTURER—DENBIGH NEWTON.
OFFICE:—2, Bell Lane, Fort.

For full particulars see handbills and programmes.

STEAMER ROME.

FOR the convenience of passengers by the above steamer, a launch will leave the Apollo-bunder at 3 p.m., TO-DAY, in addition to the one leaving the Mazagon Dockyard.

Baggage should be sent to Mazagon as usual.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. Co.
Bombay, 14th April, 1882.

EASTERN ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, Limited.

TENDERS are hereby invited for ERECTING BUILDINGS at Mody Bay for the above Company. Plans and specifications of the Works may be seen at the office of the Company, No. 19, Rampart-row, on and after MONDAY, the 17th instant. Tenders should be addressed to the undersigned under sealed covers, and will be received up to SATURDAY, the 22nd instant. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. H. STRUTT, Major,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 19, Rampart-row, April 14th, 1882.

LADIES'
LAWN-TENNIS SHOES,
fitted with best India-rubber soles.

Brown Canvas, with leather toe cap and cross bands. Invaluable for Mahableshwar and the Hills.

Cash, Rs. 7-12. Credit, Rs. 8-8.

	Rs.	as.
Black Morocco, to tie	8	8
Black Kid, to tie	9	8

WATSON & CO.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

COOPER & COMPANY,
BOOKSELLERS AND NEWS AGENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Adventures of Joseph Andrews; by H. Fielding	0	6
Adventures of Peregrine Pickle; by T. Smollett	0	10
Aunt Hepsy's Foundling; by Mrs. L. Adams	3	12
Ballads of Life, Love, and Humour; by R. Buchanan	3	12
Beggar my Neighbour; by E. D. Gerard	3	12
Bombay Army List	3	0
British Code List for 1882; by R. Jackson	3	12
British in India; by Right Hon. Sir W. M. James	8	0
Channel Tunnel or England in Danger	0	6
Common Sense about Women; by T. W. Higginson	1	4
Confessions of a Medium	2	4
Confessions of an Opium-Eater; by T. De Quincey	0	10
Double Bond; by L. Villari	0	10
English Poetry and Prose; by T. Arnold	4	12
Five Years Penal Servitude	0	10
Forensig Ancedotes; by J. Larwood (Mayfair Library)	1	8
Gold and Silver Money; by P. E. Tidman	0	10
Growth of English Industry and Commerce; by W. Cunningham	7	8
History of Amelia; by H. Fielding	0	6
Hood's Own or Laughter from Year to Year (People's Edition)	0	6
Householders Law Book	0	10
Irish Essays; by M. Arnold	4	12
Just As I Am; by Miss M. E. Braddon	1	4
Longfellow's Poems with Notes (Modern Classics)	1	0
Memorials of Frances Ridley Havergal	0	6
Men and Events of my Time in India from 1847-80; by Sir R. Temple	10	0
Milton's Poems with Notes (Modern Classics)	1	0
Night Side of Nature; by Mrs. Crowe	0	6
On Concussion of the Spine; by J. E. Erichsen.	6	12
Out of the Hurly Burly; by Maxadeler	0	6
Pictorial Year Book of Celebrities	0	10
Short History of the English Parliament; by A. Bisset	2	8
Simplified Grammar Hindustani, Persian, and Arabic; by E. H. Palmer	3	4
Social Kaleidoscope; by J. R. Sims	0	10
Sophy or the Adventures of a Savage; by V. Fane	3	12
Talks about the Laws we live under; by C. M. Yonge	1	4
Tom Brown's School-days; by an Old Boy	0	6
Vicar's People; by G. M. Fenn	3	12
Victoria Cross in Afghanistan; by Major W. J. Elliott	1	4
Young Wife's Own Book; by L. A. Weatherby	0	10
Adventures of Halek; by J. H. Nicholson	4	12
Bradshaw's Continental Railway Guide, March 1882	2	4
Douglas Herrold's Story of a Feather	0	6
Dramatic Notes for 1881-82	0	12
Familiar Studies of Men and Books; by R. L. Stevenson	3	12
Political House that Jack Built	0	4
Summary of the Rules and Procedure of Foreign Parliaments; by R. Dickinson	5	0
Tea Industry in India; by S. Baildon	6	12
Wooers and Winners; by Mrs. G. L. Banks	1	8
NEW FRENCH NOVELS.		
Jobic Le Corsarie; by J. DeSaint-Briac	2	4
Le Finance de Sylvie; by H. Greville	2	4
Le Marteau D'Acier: by L. Ulbach	2	4
L'Utopiste; by V. Marchand	2	4
Quinze ans de Bagne; by L. Ulbach	2	4

COOPER & COMPANY,
BOMBAY: Meadow-street. POONA: East-street.

STANDARD
AERATED WATERS.
PERFECT FILTRATION.
TREATMENT BY CHARCOAL.
BOTTLES RENDERED ABSOLUTELY CLEAN.
FACTORY OPEN TO INSPECTION.

THE following NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES are UNSURPASSABLE in quality and FREE from every possible IMPURITY:—

	Dozen.
Soda Water (5 grains per bottle)	Rs. 0 12
Potash Water (British Pharmacopœia)	Rs. 0 12
Aerated Water	Rs. 0 12
Tonic Water (Quinine and Bigarade Orange Blossom)	,, 1 0
Lemonade	,, 1 0
Gingerade	,, 1 0
Seltzer Water	,, 1 0
Medicinal Soda Water (British Pharmacopœia)	,, 1 0
Aromatic Ginger Ale (very fine)	,, 1 8
Bottles charged Extra	,, 2 0

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.

NOTICE!!!!!!

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED, having been APPOINTED the SOLE EXCLUSIVE AGENTS in the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY for

MESSRS. F. GIESLER AND CO.,

are in a position, by special arrangement, to supply their Champagne, expressly prepared for India, with "For India" Brand, on the following advantageous terms:—

Giesler's "For India," their finest Brand......Cash per doz. Qts. Rs. 50 0
Do. do. do. ...... ,, do. Pts. ,, 26 8

Messrs. GIESLER'S reputation as one of the leading Champagne Houses is thoroughly established in every market of the world, and is due to the great care and attention bestowed on the selection and preparation of their Wines.

TREACHER & CO. have, therefore, the fullest confidence in bringing this Brand more prominently to the notice of Wine-consumers in India, believing it to be unequalled by any other imported.

Special terms for quantities to Messes, Clubs, Traders, and Co-operative Societies.

OBSERVE!!!!!!

THE SPECIALLY APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR MESSRS. GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE ARE

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!!

Made to measure, { HOAR & CO.'S PERFECT FITTING. } Or ready for use.

Combining every modern improvement with the best Material and Work.

	Rs.		Rs.
PLAIN WHITE, Military Fronts, for wear with Uniform	6 for 23	TROPICAL FLANNEL, a new shrinkless material, cool and comfortable...	6 for 46
BEST WHITE, Fine Linen Fronts and Cuffs	6 for 28	BEST WOVE FLANNEL, all the new Colors (thoroughly shrunk)	6 for 54
BEST WHITE, with Collars attached, Fine Linen Fronts, &c.	6 for 32	SILK and Wool, a new make, light, cool, and comfortable, always retaining its softness	6 for 56
SUPERFINE WHITE, Fine Linen Collars, Fronts and Cuffs	6 for 36		
OXFORD CLOTH, the original soft make, in all the new Designs.	6 for 36	CRICKETING or BOATING, Fine White Saxony Flannel	6 for 52
FRENCH PRINTED CAMBRIC, a large choice of the latest Designs	6 for	SPUN SILK, White, Fancy Checks or Stripes, a great luxury	6 for 72

DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee (*equal to 12½ per cent.*)

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

HOAR & CO., SHIRT-MAKERS, BOMBAY.

B O M B A Y   C A S H   B A Z A A R.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,

ESTABLISHED 1878.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY

AND

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY,

SPECIAL SALE OF REMNANTS.

ALL MUST BE SOLD.

NOTE ADDRESS:

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,
ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD,
CRAWFORD MARKET,
BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

MADRAS CANE-MATTING.

STOCK always on hand, and any quantity can be supplied at the shortest notice.

RICHARD WATSON,
Ice Factory, Madras.

THE GORDON MILLS, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a THIRD and FINAL CALL of Rs. 250 (two hundred and fifty) per share has been made payable at the National Bank of India, Limited, on or before SATURDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1882.

Interest will be charged on all calls remaining unpaid after the above date at the rate of nine per cent. per annum.

By order of the Board of Directors,
J. GORDON & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 21st March, 1882.

BOMBAY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of DAVISON'S WEST HARTLEY and CARDIFF or ANTHRACITE DOUBLE-SCREENED COALS to this Company's factories in Bombay for one and two years. Forms of contract, &c., on application to

C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Bombay, 13th April, 1882.

A LADY living in an EXTREMELY HEALTHY SITUATION between Dulwich and the Crystal Palace desires the CHARGE of a few CHILDREN. Excellent educational advantages for both girls and boys.

TERMS:—£100 a year each for young children.

REFERENCES:—Revd. Archdeacon Cheetham, Canon Rochester, and Revd. T. M. Marshall, Dulwich College.

Apply to L. S. SAUNDERS, Esq., AJMERE, Rajpootana.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

SANTALINE!

THE GREAT INDIAN HERBAL REMEDY.

A SPEEDY and certain cure for pains in the back, nervousness, loss of energy and appetite, &c., &c. Having tested the efficacy of the SANTALINE in thousands of cases during the past ten years with the most surprising and successful results, the Proprietor has the utmost confidence in recommending it to all cases of dimness of sight, pains in the back, loss of energy, and appetite, &c., &c., relying more upon its intrinsic value than upon any amount of puffing and advertising, feeling confident that a single trial is all that is needful to fully test its value.

D. FERNANDES & CO.,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that JOSHEE LILLADHAR MUNJEE'S SERVICES have been DISPENSED WITH by us from THIS DAY. Any person dealing with him on our behalf in any way whatever hereafter will do so at his risk.—Dated 11th April, 1882.

[Gujarati signature]
i. e., EBJEE SEWJEE.

CHILDREN'S
DOUBLE KNEED STOCKINGS,
Beautifully soft, elastic, and well-finished.

Colours—Navy Blue, Black, Marone, or Chocolate.

Ribbed Cashmere.........Rs. 2-2 to Rs. 3-0
Ribbed Cotton ....Re. 1-12 to Rs. 2-4

The length of foot in inches will ensure a perfect fit.

10 per cent. Discount allowed for cash or by Value-payable Parcel Post.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TEAKWOOD LINING BOARDS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 500 tons TEAKWOOD LINING BOARDS. Specification and form of Tender, with particulars of delivery, may be obtained on application at the Office of the undersigned.

Sealed Tenders "endorsed" will be received by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p. m. (our time) on WEDNESDAY, the 26th April next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

No notice will be taken of any Tenders unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 in cash or Government paper as a guarantee of good faith.

Five per cent on the value of the Contract will be required as security. One half to be deposited on signing the Contract and the remainder by 5 per cent. retentions from monthly payments.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 31st March, 1882.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GRAND AMATEUR CONCERT
IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE
ROYAL ALFRED SAILORS' HOME
will take place in the
GAIETY THEATRE
ON
THURSDAY EVENING, THE 20TH INST.

The programme will be published on Monday next.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Rs. 4; 3; 2 and 1.

The plan of the House may be seen and tickets and seats secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

Doors open at 8-30. Concert to commence at 9 o'clock, Bombay Time.

NEVER FAILING PULMONIC BALM.—A never failing Remedy for Cough, Cold, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., is a mild and safe Preparation of Purely Vegetable Drugs, possessing Expectorant, Demulcent and Balsamic properties. Per Bottle As. 8 and Re. 1.

☞ Can also be had of Messrs. COOPER & Co., Booksellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

B. S. MADON AND Co.,
12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPARKLING VIN VITÆ.

A MOST refreshing delightful TONIC BEVERAGE, containing Phosphates of stimulating power free from ALCOHOL. May be taken by all ages and classes of people.

Supplied to Clubs, Hotels, and Refreshment Rooms.

Per dozen, Rs. 2. Per case of 2 doz. Rs. 4-8.

☞ Can also be had of Messrs. COOPER & Co., Booksellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

MANUFACTURED BY,
B. S. MODON & Co.,
12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION
WITH LACTO-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MEDICAL FACULTIES.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is a known specific remedy for Wasting Diseases arising through any cause.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., has been used with great success in cases of Defective Assimilation, Cough, and Consumption.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is employed in various forms of Dyspepsia, but chiefly in those presumed to depend upon the Debility of the Stomach, and other diseases caused through Defective Nutrition.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., never fails to cure Rickets in Children.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is entirely free from the disgusting smell and taste of Cod-liver-oil, is miscible in water, milk or coffee.

MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is taken readily by children and females and delicate patients without the least repugnance.

Re. 1 per bottle.

☞ Can also be had of Messrs. Cooper and Co. Booksellers, Stationers, &c., of East-street, Poona.

B. S. MADON & CO.,
12, MEADOW-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MARINE BRANCH.
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
(No. 12.)
ENGLISH CHANNEL.
NEW EDDYSTONE LIGHTHOUSE.

THE Trinity House, London, has issued the following:—

"Notice is hereby given, that at the latter end of March, 1882, the character of this Light will be altered, as advertised on the 12th February, 1881, becoming thenceforward a White Double-flashing Light, showing two flashes of [illegible] divided by an eclipse of about 4 seconds, the second flash being followed by an eclipse of about 21 seconds. The Light will be visible all round the horizon, and in clear weather at a distance of 17½ miles.

"A White Fixed Subsidiary Light will also be shown from a window in the Light-house, below the flashing light, to mark the Hand Deeps. This will extend over a sector of 16 degrees from N. 32° W. to N. 48° W. (Magnetic from the Lighthouse).

Also.

"A large Bell will be sounded during foggy weather, twice in quick succession every half minute; thus assimilating the character of the Sound Signal to that of the Light.

"*Note.*—Mariners will observe that the Light on the Casket Rocks, 78 miles S.S.E. from the Eddystone, is similar in character, but shows three flashes in quick succession, instead of two.

"Further notice will be published when the changes are effected."

By direction of the Government of India,
A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.
MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, Calcutta, 28th March, 1882.

By order of H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble the Govr. in Council
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bombay,
Marine Department.

MESSRS. DHUNJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE AND COMPANY.
5, MEDOW-STREET, FORT.

CASH ONLY. ALE AND STOUT.		Per Bot. Rs. a. p.
Bass' Beer	qt.	0 7 9
Do.	pt.	0 5 0
McEwen	qt.	0 7 0
Do.	pt.	0 4 6
Atkins	qt.	0 7 0
Do.	pt.	0 4 6
Ind Coope	qt.	0 7 0
Do.	pt.	0 4 6
Tennents	qt.	0 6 0
Do.	pt.	0 4 0
Jeffreys	qt.	0 6 0
Do.	pt.	0 4 0
Guiness' Stout	qt.	0 7 6
Do.	pt.	0 5 0
SHERRY.		
B. B.		1 0 0
Pale		1 8 0
Fine		1 12 0
Very Fine		2 0 0
Amontillado		2 4 0
PORT.		
Maxwell's		1 2 0
Gilby		1 2 0
One Grape		1 4 0
Old Draught		1 8 0
Old Bottled Invalid		2 0 0
BRANDY.		
Exshaw, No. 1		3 2 0
Do. ,, 2		2 0 0
Henessey, * star		2 8 0
Do. ** ,,		2 12 0
Do. *** ,,		3 0 0
J. D. Monio		2 6 0
Martel		2 4 0
Castillion		1 15 0
Biscuit		2 0 0

CASH ONLY. CHAMPAGNE.		Per Bot. Rs. a. p.
Jules Mumm's	qt.	3 4 0
Do.	pt.	1 12 0
Best Dry	qt.	3 4 0
Do.	pt.	2 0 0
WHISKY.		
Kinahan's		1 10 0
Encore		1 7 0
Burkes Scotch		1 12 0
Do. Irish		1 12 0
Glenlivet		1 12 0
Baxters		1 8 0
SPIRITS & LIQUORS.		
Jamaica Rum		1 10 0
Do. Common		1 0 0
Old Tom Sweet		1 4 0
Do. Dry		1 8 0
Gin Square, large		1 10 0
Do. Small		1 2 0
Orange Bitters		1 8 0
Vermouth French		1 4 0
Do. Italian		1 6 0
Ginger Wine		1 4 0
Curaco White		4 0 0
Do. Small		2 0 0
Do. Red, large		3 0 0
Do. Do. Small		1 12 0
Noyeau, Anisite, Vanile, Rose, &c., 1-8 and 2-0.		
Chartreuse Green		6 0 0
Do. Yellow.		5 0 0
CLARET.		
Light for Cup		0 12 0
Breakfast		0 11 0
Dinner		1 4 0
After Dinner		1 8 0
Pint		as. 8 & 10

Provisions in variety, very moderately priced.

NESTLE'S SWISS MILK.

THE Undersigned are now well supplied with this preparation, and have made special arrangements for continuous shipments from the Makers. They recommend it as THE BEST PREPARATION IN THE MARKET.

Tin, 7 annas—Dozen Rs. 5.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

AIDS TO SIGHT.

SPECTACLES.

Best Pebble, for Long or Short Sight.
In Gold Frames ... ... Rs. 28
In Aluminium Frames ... ... ,, 6
In Blue Steel Frames ... ... ,, 6

Finest Optical Glass, for Long, Short, or Stigmatic Vision.
In Nickel-plated, Incorrodible Frames, White, Blue, or Smoke-tinted Lenses, Cut in the Cylindrical, Periscopic, Bi-convex, or Bi-concave form ... Rs. 5

DOUBLE EYE-GLASSES,
PINCE-NEZ, OR FOLDERS.

Best Pebble, for Long or Short Sight.
In Gold Frames, Non-pressure Spring resting very lightly on the face ... ... Rs. 30
In Silver Gilt Frames ... ... ,, 10
In Tortoise-shell Turn-pin Frames ,, 8

Finest Optical Glass, for Long or Short Sight, Skeleton Folders, Springs and attachment riveted on Lense ... ... Rs. 3

Finest Optical Glass, for Long, Short, or Stigmatic Vision.
In Nickel-plated, Incorrodible Frames, White, Blue, or Smoke-tinted Lenses, Cut in the Cylindrical, Periscopic, Bi-convex, or Bi-concave form ... Rs. 5

A Morocco Case and (if required) a Silk Cord is supplied with each of the above.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.
A Large Selection.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE LET, a BUNGALOW, situated in Middle Colaba, on the west side, open to the westerly sea breeze, and commands a charming view of Malabar Hill, rent moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street, Fort. House Agent.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of HURRIDASS DAMODHUR in the firm of LILLADHUR DAMODHUR CEASED from the 17th ultimo.

[Gujarati signature]
i. e., LILLADHUR DAMODHUR.
[Gujarati signature]
i. e., HURRIDASS DAMODHUR.
Bombay, 13th April, 1882.

NOTICE.
BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay hereby invites TENDERS for the CONSTRUCTION of the following works:—

1. A Storm-water drain from Mazagon Castle to the foot of Hancock Bridge.
2. A drain from Victoria-road near Albion Place to the Parell-road.

Tenders must be duly signed and sealed and addressed to E. C. K. OLLIVANT, Esqr., C. S., Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, and delivered at the office of the Commissioner not later than noon on SATURDAY, the 22nd April, 1882.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 50 for each work.

All further information can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
RIENZI WALTON, M. I. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Bombay, 13th April, 1882.

COURT TOILET SOAPS
OF REMARKABLY FINE QUALITY AND LUXURIOUS PERFUME.

MAKERS are enabled to make a further concession in prices owing to the great success of these importations.

SAVONS DE LUXE.

			Rs. a.
Au Bouquet de Violettes,	Box of 3 tablets		1 8
Violettes des Bois	Do.	do.	1 8
Jockey Club	Do.	do.	1 8
Rosée Printanière	Do.	do.	1 4
A l'Opopanax	Do.	do.	1 4
A la Rose	Do.	do.	1 8
Au Lait d'Amandes	Do.	do.	1 4
Laitne and Glycerine	Do.	do.	1 4
A la Violette	Do.	do.	1 0
A l'Heliotrope	Do.	do.	1 0
Des Graces	Do.	do.	1 0
Vaseline	Do.	do.	1 4
Amandine	Do.	do.	1 0
Au Musc Tonquin	Do. 24	do.	5 0

SAVONS SURFINS.

			Rs. a.
Savonnerie Hygienique,	Box of 3 tablets		0 12
Do. do.	Do. 12	do.	2 8
Orangine	Do. 12	do.	1 4
Glycerine	Do. 12	do.	3 0
Do.	per bar		0 12
Windsor	Box of 12	do.	2 8
Do.	Do. 3	do.	0 12

SOAPS BY OTHER MAKERS.

			Rs. a.
Cleaver's Terebene,	Box of 3 tablets		1 0
Ferris's Thymol	Box	do.	1 4
Gelle Frere's Monstre	Do.	do.	1 0
Pears' Transparent Glycerine	do.		1 4

ALSO THE FOLLOWING OF BEST QUALITY.

Brown Windsor, Carbolic (Medical, Toilet, Nursery, Shaving, and Stable), Almond, Glycerine, and Goldcream, Honey, Scented Bar, Curd, United Service, Juniper, Tar, Marine, Naples Shaving, Silversmith's, Baby's, Sulphur, Petroleum, Transparent of all kinds, Sand, Coal Tar, and Yellow Bar.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

H. A. GEYER, 6, Elph. Circle, Bombay.—"I have received the Sewing Machine and am perfectly satisfied with it. It works exceedingly well, and gives no trouble whatever.—M. G., Bombay."

SHIGRAM and GREY ARAB HORSE to be SOLD at BENNETT'S, TO-MORROW.

A CHILD'S PONY with Saddle and Bridle will be SOLD at BENNETT'S AUCTION TO-MORROW.

BILLIARDS.—Skittle or Devil's Pool, complete with Skittles, Counters, Pool Basket, Rules of the game and Diagram at Rs. 10 at JOHN ROBERTS and Co.

CIGARS.—Trichinopoly, Dawson's, Thompson's, Dindigul, Havannahs, and Burmahs. Prices very moderate. N. C. DALAL, 6, Church gate-street.

CIGARS.—Barrels No. 1 per 100 Rs. 2-8, expressly made to order of perfect finish and exquisite flavor.—HOWARD and Co., 30, Meadows-street.

MRS. PRYER, Milliner and Dress-maker, is selling at greatly reduced price her stock of Millinery, Feathers, Flowers, Birds, &c, 8, Meadow-street.

AUSTRALIAN HORSES.—The Australian Horses expected by us have arrived, and we solicit an early inspection of the same. C. STEPHENS & Sons.

AUSTRALIAN HORSES.—Just arrived a small batch of horses from Calcutta in good condition and specially selected, consisting of a very handsome team of Chesnuts, pair of Bays, and weight carrying Cobs. To be seen at Scott & Co.'s Stables, Girgaum.

TO BE SOLD at Bennett's auction on Saturday two Government Arab Stallions, "Desert Born," a chesnut Arab, 14 3¾ high; "Higgs Week," a half Arab, 14-2½ high. Both horses are very handsome and powerful and fit for either saddle or harness. To be seen at Scott & Co.'s Stables. Also a very handsome Chesnut Waler Charger, the property of an officer who has left Bombay.

MATHERAN CLARENDON HOTEL, OPEN to VISITORS. Excellent accommodation, TERMS—MODERATE.

MRS. COULTER, MIDWIFE and LADIES' NURSE. Excellent testimonials on application Apollo-bunder, Bombay.

DEVOE'S KEROSINE-OIL.—Apply to W. M. MACAULAY and Co., who hold the only stock of this brand in Bombay.

TO LET, from the 1st June next, an upper-storied BUNGALOW in Middle Colaba, facing west. Apply on the premises, No. 26.

TO LET, the commodious house known as KAY'S HALL, Byculla, next to Pallonjee's Hotel, from the 1st May. Apply to DAVID SASSOON & Co.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, G. Agrati, Proprietor.—Sea-breeze on every side. European management, best tables in Bombay, cleanliness & comfort.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1882. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TWO and-a-half miles from Andheri station on the sea-side at Versova, sites for Bungalows to be let at moderate rents. Apply to "A. B.," care of office of this paper.

FOR SALE OR HIRE.—Ten H.P. portable ENGINE, by Clayton and Shuttleworth, nearly new. Apply to BOMBAY STEAM BAKERY AND FLOUR MILLS, Grant-road.

MAHABLESHWAR READY-LAID DAK. Comfortable Phaetons and Tongas can be had from Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, Civil Lines, Poona at a very moderate rate.

THE CUSTOM and EXCISE OFFICERS' Gauging Manual, Sikes's Hydrometer and Tables, with Description and Direction for their use, also Folding WINE Gauging Rods, always to be had at BARTON and Co., Meadow-street.

TO LET, a small ROOM in the ground-floor of the house No. 25 in Apollo Street, below the office of Mr. Joseph Soares, which is well adapted for Broker's Office. Rent Rs. 60. Apply to FRAMJEE COWASJEE MARKER.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES.—Every genuine Singer has the Co.'s name and trade-mark printed upon the arm and legs. To avoid deception buy only at the office of the SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY TEMPERANCE LEAGUE.—Annual Meeting this evening at half-past seven (Bombay Time) in Y. M. C. A. Coffee Rooms, Apollo-bunder. Ices, Music, and Addresses by Revd. Gibson Grigson and others. Tickets at eight annas each, to be had at Coffee Rooms, Tract Society, and at the Doors.

TO LET, a commodious newly-built four storeyed HOUSE at Hornby-row, open on four sides, commanding an excellent sea view, water, gas, and patent closets laid in. Apply to GOCULDASS DEWJEE, at the office of Messrs. [illegible] & Co.

ONE of the best BUNGALOWS on the Ridge, TO BE LET, for about four months from 19th May. The occupier being anxious that it should be inhabited during the rainy season, will let it fully furnished for what it costs him unfurnished. Apply to "B," care of this Paper.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising The Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Abkari Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 5-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

GRUYERE, EDAM AND CHEDDAR CHEESE, and BACON [illegible] at PEARSE'S, 7, Apollo-street [illegible] Rampart Row.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 13.

THE Easter holidays and the absence of home telegrams from Friday till Wednesday morning have very much interfered with business for the week under review. Money still continues very tight, and as the Bank of Bombay returns for the week show little, if any, improvement in its position, the Directors have made no reduction in their present high rate of charge for all kinds of advances. The shipping trade during the week has gone on actively and on a continued large scale, but principally to the fulfilment of old orders. The new business has not been very important. The large stocks of Cotton now at home and on the way press on the market. Prices there have been weak, and the new orders wired out at practicable limits during the week have been very small indeed. Seeds and Wheat have been fairly active, but of the latter the arrivals of the new crop are still very moderate. Imports have been in moderate enquiry, and no doubt stocks here up-country and on the way are now more moderate, but dear Money prevents the improvment in prices which might be expected. It makes holders anxious to realize, and at the same time limits the up-country buyers to purchases only to supply their more pressing wants.

In Stocks and Shares there has not been a great deal done owing to the holidays, but prices of all kinds are firm and indeed a little better, except for the shares of the Spinning Companies, which have still been out of favour, and the tendency has again been slightly downwards.

The demand for tonnage has been fair during the week, and rates are very steady all round at our quotations.

COTTON.—The new business done during the week has been small, and though the receipts and shipments are large, they mostly go on to former orders. For the time there seems a great dearth of new orders in the market except at prices too low to be practicable. Broach, Oomras, and Dhollerahs are all now in full supply in the market. Broach has been in demand, and was sold on Monday at Rs. 230, but the enquiry has since slackened, and we close at Rs. 228. For other sorts the enquiry has been very languid, and we are now Re. 1 to Rs. 2 lower than our last mail's quotations, but at the rates we quote there is little business offering.

Current quotations are to-day as follows :—

Broach, Good	Rs.	228
Oomrawuttee, Good	"	194
Do. F.G.F.	"	185
Do. G.F.	"	180
Akote, Best	"	202
Bhownuggur, Good	"	193
Do. F.G.F.	"	184
Dhollera, Good	"	193
Do. F.G.F.	"	184
Bengals, Fine	"	170
Do. Fully Good	"	158
Do. Good	"	150
Do. Fully G.F.	"	145

The following are the receipts and shipments for the week and to date, and it will be seen that for the present year both receipts and shipments exceed those of last by about 330,000 bales :—

	1-82.	1880-81.
Receipts from 5th to 11th April	76,975	56,620
Do. do. 1st Jan. to do.	8,32,221	5,04,878
Shipments from 6th to 12th April	53,260	34,337
Do. do. 1st Jan. to do.	6,75,419	3,38,533
Cotton in harbour	54,186	60,928

Linseed has been in good demand during the week, and prices are about 2 annas higher, we now quote Rs. 5-4 to Rs. 5-4½. Sales are reported of about 100,000 cwts.

Rapeseed is steady, at Rs 5-12 for Yellow and Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 5 for Red. Sales are only small.

Poppyseed.—Yellow is firm at Rs. 5-6.

Gingelly Seed is steady, and sales reported are about 4,000 candies. We quote Hingunghaut Rs. 38½, Kabri Rs. 32 to Rs. 34½.

Groundnuts are dull, and we quote them Rs. 23 to Rs. 23½.

Castor Seed firm at Rs. 25, and sales about 500 candies.

The following are the receipts and shipments of Linseed which are on a fair scale.

	1881-82.	1880-81.
Receipts from 5th to 11th April	114,153	152,374
Do. from 1st Jan. to 11th April	10,41,032	855,659
Shipments from 6th to 12th April	155,039	128,712
Do. from 1st Jan. to 12th April	10,20,894	643,628

WHEAT.—The new crop is still only coming forward in moderate quantities, but the reports from the principal producing districts of Central India for the first week in April say that the crop in most places was then being thrashed and winnowed, so that if prices show any encouragement we will soon see heavy arrivals. The market here has been very firm during the week. Prices are fully firm, and there has been considerable buying on export account. We quote No. 1 Soft White Rs. 30½ to Rs. 31.

Red, Kulta	Rs. 23 to Rs. 23½	
Yellow do.	" 26	
[illegible]	" [illegible] to " [illegible]	
Ahmedabad	" 27½ to " 28	

Receipts and shipments for the season are as below :—

	1881-82	1880-81
Receipts from 5th to 11th April	1,28,261	1,91,188
Do. from 1st Jan. to 11th April	23,65,376	13,97,162
Shipments from 6th to 12th April	45,303	1,43,467
Do. from 1st Jan. to 12th April	33,78,745	13,31,820

PIECE-GOODS have been rather quieter during the week owing to the great tightness of Money. Prices are, on the whole, fairly steady, but the off-take from the bazaar has not been so active, and the Nort West buyers are not doing much for the time at least. Fine 39-inch makes of Grey Shirtings are still in demand, and the same may be said of 45 inch 6 and 7 lb. Wide goods as 50 and 54 inch are also enquired for. Dhoties are in fair enquiry at old prices. Grey Mulls, Madapollams, and T. Cloths are steady, and White Mulls and Jacconets are in moderate demand at old prices. White Shirtings are unchanged. Prints are quiet and very dull of sale.

Yarns are steady, but there is not much doing in them.

COALS are quiet but steady. We hear of sales of about 1,000 tons Scotch Coal, to arrive, at Rs. 13, and 1,000 tons of Davison's at Rs. 14½. The heavy stocks of Coal on the Bunder are now very much reduced. Our day's quotations are :—

Davison's	at Rs. 14½ to Rs. 14½ a'ongside.	
Cardiff	at " 15½ to " 15½	
Laird's	Rs. 14	

METALS.—Copper Braziers have continued in fair demand, and we quote spot Rs. 47-4, and arrivals Rs. 46-11, but this latter rate is quite nominal.

Yellow Metal Braziers are improving, and we now quote spots Rs. 36-12

Other Metals are unchanged and dull.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been in fair demand at higher prices rather. 4 per cents. opened on Monday at 100⅞, and have since improved to Rs. 101 to Rs. 101⅛. Though there has been no large business done in them, the tendency of prices is still upwards. 4½ are steady at 108½.

Bank's shares have been quiet but steady. Bank of Bombay have declined from Rs. 775 to Rs. 772½.

Land and *Miscellaneous* shares have also been quiet. Colaba Land have been sold at Rs. 772½. Bombay and Burmah at Rs. 2,430, but others remain much as before at our quotations.

Press have been firm, and in some cases we have to note considerable advance. Akbar have been done at Rs. 900, Fort Press at Rs. 2,675, and Volkarts at Rs. 675.

Spinning Shares.—The market for them has not been at all active during the week, and prices of a good many Companies are Rs. 5, Rs. 10, and even Rs. 25 lower than last mail. The Sholapore Mills are Rs. 10 higher, but this is the only case in which we note any advance. Other Companies, if not lower, are barely steady.

EXCHANGE opened very strong on Monday, and even hardened a little on the rates of last mail. Telegraphic transfer was done at 1s. 8¼d., and 3 months' Credits at 1s. 8 19-32d. For the last two days, however, we have been quieter, with more disposition to buy. Current rates now are :—

	Demand.	3 months'.	4 months'
Bank	1s. 8½d.	1s. 8 15-32d.	1s. 8½d.
	3 months' sight.		6 months' sight.
Credits	1s. 8 9-16d.		1s. 8¾d.
Documents	1s. 8 19-32d.		1s. 8 25-32d.
Francs	2·17½.		2·19½.

A large business has been done to-day for May delivery, 3 months' Credits, at 1s. 8 17-32d., for up to the 15th, and 1s. 8½d. for after the 15. We hear by telegram to-day that the Bank of Bengal has reduced its rate of discount one per cent. This has given a more cheerful tone to the stock markets generally, and ¼ per cent. Rupee Paper in consequence closes strong at 101⅛.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5p. ct.	772½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	820
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	700
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	130
National Bank of India	37,320	250	12½	2 do.	98

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	900
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18p.ct.	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 70	1,120
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	40	460
Bellary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p.s.	575
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	Rs. 37½	475
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	61
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,025
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co.	500	300	all	30	240
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	120	1,160
Fort Press Co.	150	325	8,500	300 p.s.	2,675
French Press Co.	300	500	all	45 p.s.	565
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 35	515
Mofussil Co.	3,125	100	100	15 p.s.	310
New Indian Press	2,400	125	125	Rs. 15	210
Prince of W. Press	120	......	1,500	235	2,025
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	750	Rs. [illegible]	1,075
Sassoon Press Co.	300	[illegible]	500	25	450
Volkart's Press Co.	450	[illegible]	[illegible]	50	575

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,125
Pareli S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	50	275
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	Rs. 10	133
New issue	..	100	50	..	80
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	1,700	500	30p. s.	575
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 50	790
Bhownuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	850
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	915
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 4	715
Coorla Mills	800	50	1,000	50	885
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	555
Empress S. & W. Co.	736	500	all	Rs. 25	675
Ditto (New issue)	400	500	150	..	640
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	555
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,020
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,130
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	690
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	975
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	920
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	940
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100p.s.	2,125
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	500	Rs. 55	820
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 90	1,390
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	15 p. s.	235
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,170
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	900
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	940
Oriental	4,000	625	625	Rs. 55	655
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	35	310
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	70	1,330xd
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,195
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	50	940
Southern India	500	500	Rs. 30	55	665
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	60	950
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 15	915

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct	320 xd.
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-4	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,046
Do. New £1 shares.	..	£18	196-5-15	do	315

LAND COMPANIES.

[illegible]rere Land	7,500	150	150	100	*13
[illegible]azagon Land, &c.	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	24
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	Rs. 30	735
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	Rs. 5	212¼

* For distribution.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-1-6
Carolus	" 236
Mexican Dollars	" 224
Five-Franc Pieces	" 231
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ betterness	" 107
Gold Leaf	19-5½ to 19-6
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	" 19-8
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 19
Bombay Bar Gold 100 touch	" 19
Pekin Gold Bars	" 19

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Pearl, 366 tons, Captain E. C. Raffin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo, and 95 deck passengers.

THE barque Sultan, 709 tons, Captain Ferguson, arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Mauritius, with a cargo of 1,500 bags of sugar. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE steamer Principia, 1,789 tons, Captain M. H. Kerrnish, arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Suez ; (1st April) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co.

THE barque Eastern Chiefs, 401 tons, Captain Frank Young, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius (30th Jan.), with a cargo of 7,752 bags of sugar. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE steamer Largo Bay, 1,103 tons, Captain J. Sutherland, which arrived in harbour on the 12th inst. from Northshield (17th March) brought a cargo of 1,854 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Coconada, 547 tons, Captain O. R. Mitchell, will sail to-day for Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Lieut. G. W. Mitchell, Miss. Banks, Mr. Bailey, Surg. D. Franklin, and 101 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Huzara, 1,578 tons, Captain D. Campbell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs. G. Gun, Miss. Rosa Fraser, Mr. Dupen, Mr. Trollop, Mr. Griffith, Mr. Nicholson, Mr. Manockjee, Mr. and Mrs. Manockjee and four children, and 64 deck.

THE steamer Inchmore, 1,287 tons, Captain F. Major, arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Liverpool (11th March), with the following cargo :—3,882 packages piecegoods, 6 packages twine, 12 packages glassware, 12 bales twist, 3,210 bundleshoop iron, 75 cases green copperas, 39 packages varnish, 5 cases leathers, 720 kegs nails, 174 bundles steel, 375 boxes tinplates, 91 packages iron, 50 drums linseed oil, 25 drums turpentine, 30 packages color and paints, 3,333 packages iron sheets, and many packages merchandise. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE steamer Hughendon, 1,153 tons, Captain W. Hull, which arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from London (12th March), brought Mr. C. Hume and the following cargo :—150 cases brass, 100 barrels beer, 385 cases matches, 61 packages papers, 34 cases wine and spirits, 4 cases brandy, 30 cases apothecaryware, 40 boxes candles, 25 cases colors, 200 cases copper, 150 drums oil, 155 packages varnish, 40 packages bottles, 58 packages glass-ware, 5 cases soap, 100 kegs nails, 1,971 packages nail rod iron, 500 packages steel, 48 boxes glass, 35 runlets tar, 125 runlets pitch, [illegible] kegs red lead, [illegible] bundles iron, 7 packages piecegoods, 100 cases whiskey, and many packages merchandise. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
12	Inchmore (s)	Major	Liverpool, Mar. 11.
	Principia (s)	Kerrnish	Suez, Apr. 1.
	Sultana	Ferguson	Mauritius.
13	Pearl (s)	Raffin	Cutch, Apr. 10.
	Huzara (s)	Campbell	Calcutta, Mar. 18.
	H. M. S. Seraphis	O'Twiss	Portsmouth, Mar. 17.
	I. G. Tenasserims	Creagh	Madras, Apr. 2.
	I. G. Czarewitch	Gwyn	Madras, Apr. 2.
	Eastern Chief	Young	Mauritius, Jan. 30.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessels.	Commander.	Destinations.
13	Nyanza (s)	Schwedles	Zanzibar.
	Adria (s)	Raffin	Mauritius.
	Pehlwan (s)	Nacoda	Bhownagar.

The steamer Coconada, Mitchell, to Kathywar Coast and Kurrachee, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Sumatra, to China, &c.
Steamer Pearl, to Coast and Cutch.
Ship Chasca, to Liverpool.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

April.
9 Fiery Cross ...... Menzies ..... Liverpool, Dec. 11.

DEPARTURES.

April 9.—Steamers Bassein and Khandalla. Ship Malabar.

MADRAS.

DEPARTURE.

April
11 Henzada (s) ...... Bombay.

DAILY EXPORTS.—APRIL 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

County of Dunfries—150 bales cotton, Benn, Ashley and Co ; 52 bales cotton, Mahomed Corjee.
Citadel—66 bales cotton, Bhimsee Nuthoo.
Grampion—100 bales cotton, Juggunath Kernidon ; 200 bales cotton, Peily and Co.
County of Caithness—1,320 cwts bones, Nuzerally Purdhan.
Armenia (s)—1½ cwts myrabolams, Ruttonsee Mooljee ; 3,200 cwts wheat, Govindjee Madhowjee ; 2 bales cotton, Dossabhoy Hormusjee Cama and Co ; 150 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co ; 300 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 200 bales cotton and 1,650 cwts linseed, Thos. H. Moore and Co ; 1,000 cwts wheat, Khimjee Luckmidass and Co.
Incherhona (s)—700 cwts bones, Currimbhoy Nanjee ; 194 cwts wheat and 129½ cwts mustardseed, Sewjee Dhurumsee ; 300 cwts linseed, Laljee Poonsey and Co ; 800 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Ruzubally Allyruza ; 250 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapatty ; 80 bales wool, Hurjeewan Vussonjee ; 100 bales cotton, Laljee Ludha ; 114 bales cotton, Govindjee Veljee ; 10 bales hemp, Warden and Co.
Sultan (s)—400 cwts linseed and 325 cwts myrabolams, Dewcurun Luckmedass ; 100 bales cotton, Sigg-Sulzer and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 98 bales rags, Nagsee Gungajul ; 75 bales rags, Dewjee Viser ; 100 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co.
Clan Lamont (s)—809 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co.
Merton Hall (s)—178½ cwts myrabolams, Luckmedass Narondass ; 100 bales cotton, Dhunraj Dosy.

FOR LONDON.

Wheatfield (s)—31 cwts fishmaws, Dawoodbhoy Hassum ; 4 bales hides, Esmali Peerdina ; 9 bales hides, Currimbhoy Hussonbhoy ; 200 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapatty ; 50 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 3 cases tortoise shells, 3 cwts cardamoms and 17 cwts ramperty, Sariff Sallay Mahamed and Co ; 7 cwts fishmaws, G. H. J. Mahamed ; 10 bales carpets, Pragjee Heerjee.
Hallamshire (s)—217 packages ginger ; 73 cases tea, 78 bales coir and 3,521 bags coffee, M. Mackenzie and Co.
Rome (s)—7 cases shawls, Framjee, Sands and Co ; 2 boxes silver coins, The National Bank ; 200 bales cotton, The P. and O. Co ; 500 bags myrabolams, Robertson Brothers ; 20 bundles ivory, Allybhoy Remtoola ; 25 bundles ivory, Ebram Pashanee ; 6 bundles ivory, G. Currimbhoy ; 8 bales hides and skins, Vully Ebram.

FOR BREMERHAVEN.

Daylight—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR HULL.

Sunbeam (s)—325 cwts bones, Natha Essa.
John P. Best (s)—3,000 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 1,500 cwts linseed, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Robert Dickinson (s)—8,000 cwts wheat, L. Singer and Co ; 150 bales cotton, Sigg-Sulzer and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR PORTSAID.

Bothal (s)—2,000 cwts wheat and 3,900 cwts groundnuts, E. Spinner and Co.
Burswell (s)—10,000 cwts wheat, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Ally Jhaney (s)—2,000½ cwts mustardseed, F. Masotti and Co ; 100 bales cotton, John Fleming and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 300 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Thibet (s)—7 bales hides and 28 casks oil, The P. and O. Co ; 1,160 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 50 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 600 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 310 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Thibet (s)—116 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Rome (s)—1 case shawls, W. M. Macaulay and Co.
Thibet (s)—20 slabs tin and 342 cases coffee, The P. and O. Co.
Clan Murray (s)—243½ cwts gingellyseed, Lang Moir and Co.
Newnham (s)—260 bags coffee, M. Mackenzie and Co ; 240 cwts mowra flower, Bhogoolall Lallchund.

FOR GENOA.

Newnham (s)—8,001 cwts gingellyseed, Peel, Cassels and Co.
Thibet (s)—200 bales cotton, The P. and O. Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Thibet (s)—112 bags coffee, and 62 bags paper, The P. and O. Co.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 14.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Summary Suits.

124-82—Nanu and H—Pestonjee Chanjeebhoy vs Dosabhoy Jamsetjee Desai and others.
37-82—Jefferson B. and D—Sewjee Dhurrumsey vs Kursondas Madhowdas.

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

146-80—J. C. Cama—Thackersey Jaitha vs Trickumjee Velljee and others—Jefferson, B. and D., P. and G., and Macfarlane and E.—Part heard.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—APRIL 11.

Goodfellow, Col., R.E., on leave, from Dharwar.

APRIL 12.

Swetenham, Major, R.E., on leave, from Lucknow.
Wade, Capt. A. P. D., on leave, from Agra.
Wickham, Lieut., 28th Bombay N. I., on leave, from Dharwar.
Gavan, Col., R. A., on leave, from Kirkee.
Welch, Capt. Bgde.-Major, on leave, from Nusseerabad.
Younghusband, Lieut., 14th Lancers, on leave, from Morar.

APRIL 13.

MacGregor, Major-Genl., on leave.
Woodroppe, Vety. Surg., on duty, from Kirkee.
Brander, Capt., 19th Punjab N. I., on leave, from Peshawar.
Cotton, Lieut., 35th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Sialkote.
Lithgow, Bgde.-Surg., on duty, from Madras.
McCaun, Quarter Master, Lenister, on duty, from Umballa.
Egerton, Capt., Dorsetshire, on duty, from Roorkee.
Blood, Maj. R.E., on duty, from Kirkee.
Pigott, Maj. R.E., on leave, from Madras.
Mathews, Lieut.-Col., S. C. on leave, from Umballa.
Briggs, Surg., on duty, from Subathoo.
Climo, Surg.-Major, on duty, from Umballa.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, April 12.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year, from date of departure in May next, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—
Bgde.-Surgn. H. Cook, M. D., Indian Medl. Dept., 1st Physician, J. J. Hospital.

The services of Surgn. E. Tully are placed at the disposal of Govt. for employment in the Civil Dept.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—
Surgn.-Major H. Atkins, Residency Surgn., Baroda.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the date specified :—
No. 2 Mountain Battery.—Jamadar Casee Ram to be Subhedar and Havaldar-Major Jowunt Sing, No. 1 Mountain Battery, to be Jamadar, from the 19th Jan. 1882, vice Subhedar Lalla Boriah, pensioned.

The undermentioned Medical officers are brought on the strength of H. M.'s British Forces in this Comd. from the 29th March, the date of their arrival at Bombay :—
Army Medical Department.—Surgn.-Major F. W. L. Hodder, vice Surgn.-Major T. O'Farrell, by exchange ; Surgns. D. Franklin and C. L. Young.

Color-Serjt. Henry C. Macnee, of the Bombay V. R. C., is promoted to the rank of Lieut. in the same Corps.

The undermentioned Warrant Officer is allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months on medical certificate, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—
Actg. Condr John Cullen, Ord. Dept.

In recognition of the services rendered by the undermentioned Warrant Officer during the Afghan Campaign, he is promoted to the rank of Depy Asst. Comsy., with effect from the 2nd March

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Condr. M. J. Dowling.—This promotion is to be regarded as supernumerary, and the Warrant Officer promoted is to be retained as supernumerary in his new grade until he would have been promoted inordinary course and then absorbed.

Lieut. H. J. Forster, 2nd Battn East Yorkshire Regt., is appointed a Probationer for the Bombay S. C. with effect from the 1st April.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—Col. A. Wardrop, S. C., Judge Advocate-Genl.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. J. Holland to act as Dist. Supdt. of Police in the Panch Mahals Dist. until further orders, Lieut.-Col. W. P. LaTouche reverting, at his own request, to his permanent appointment as Dist. Supdt. of Police in the Kaira Dist.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to sanction the transfer of the appointment of Asst. Supdt. of Police in the Panch Mahals Dist. to the Thana Dist. and to make the following appointments:— Mr. W. J. Holland to be Asst. Dist. Supdt. of Police in the Panch Mahals Dist. until further orders. Mr. L. H. Spence to act as Asst. Dist. Supdt. of Police in the Thana Dist. until further orders.

Major S. Babington is appointed to act as Dist. Supdt. of Police in the Poona Dist. until further orders.

Mr. H. Scannell is appointed to act as Dist. Supdt. of Police in the Ahmednagar Dist. until further orders.

A'zam Nathji Jibhai, Acting Head Karkun of Taluka [illegible] in the Dist. of [illegible], is appointed to be a Magte. of the Third Class in the Dist.

A'zam Krishnarao Sadashiv Mulekar, Actg. Mamlatdar of Taluka Malsiras in the Dist. of Sholapur, is appointed to be a Magte. of the Third Class in the Dist. of Sholapur.

Rao Saheb Maniklal Narotamdas assumed charge of the office of Joint Subdte. Judge at Dapoli in the Ratnagiri Dist. on the 6th March.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons to be Clerks of the Court in the Poona Dist. mentioned against their names:—

Mr. Ravji Prabhakar Bhave, Subte. Judge's Court at Patas.

Mr. Govind Hari, Godbole, Subte. Judge's Court at Indapur.

Azam Maganlal Govindram, Head Karkun of Modasa in the Dist. of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magte of the Third Class in that Dist.

Mr. J. G. Smith is appointed to act as Depy. Comsr. of Police, Bombay during the absence of Mr. H. G. Gell on sick leave, or until further orders.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. A. Russell, Educational Inspr., Southern Divn., was allowed fifteen days' privilege leave from the 13th March.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Inspg. Vety. Surgn C. Steel to act as Supdt. of Horse Breeding Operations, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Inspg. Vety. Surgn. W. Lamb on privilege leave, or till further orders.

Under Sec. 6 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Dept.

Mr. Sakharam Dattatraya, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Nasirabad in the Khandesh Dist. to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Panvel in the Thána Dist. from 2nd March.

Mr. Balkrishna Mahadev, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Panvel in the Thana Dist., to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Nasirabad in the Khandesh Dist. from 18th March.

Under Sec. 6 of Act III. of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Dept :—

Mr. Wamnaji Vithal, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Kalyan in the Thana Dist. to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Roha in the Kolaba Dist. from 8th Feb.

Mr. Balkrishnaji Keroji, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Roha in the Kolaba Dist., to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Kalyan in the Thana Dist. from 14th Feb.

Mr. Balkrishna Abaji, Head Clerk, Bombay Registry Office, to be First Probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Alibag in the Kolaba Dist. from 10th March.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. S. Hexton, Depy. Comsr. of Forests, Second Grade, Kanara, to act as Consvr. of Forests in Sind during the absence of Major McRae on furlough, or till further orders.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgn. E. Tully is appointed to act as Civil Surgn., Kaira, during the absence of Surgn.-Major F. C. Barker, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., or until further orders.

Surgn. R. Manser is appointed Asst. Surgn., European General Hospital, vice Surgn.-Major J. Arnott, M.D., C.M.

Surgn.-Major E. Colson and Surgn.-Major H. A. Lewis, in Medical charge 22nd Regt. N. I., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Civil Surgn., Aden, on the 29th March.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Major W. Merriman, R.E., Ex. Engr., First Grade to be Ex. Engr., Bombay Defences, on the departure of Capt. W. H. Haydon, R. E., on leave.

Mr. Walter C. Hughes, C. E., and Col. W. A. Baker, R. E., respectively delivered over and received charg of the office of Under Secy. to Govt. on the 11th April.

Surgn. D. C. Davidson and Surgn.-Major James Davidson, M. A., M. B., respectively delivered over charge of the Surat Dist. Jail on the 28th March.

Messrs. H. T. Ommanney and Lakshuman Gopal Deshmukh respectively delivered over and received charge of the Shirpur Taluka on the 10th March.

Messrs. A. B. Steward and C. H. Jopp respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Second Asst. Collr., Poona, on the 29th March.

Messrs. Darasha Dosabhoy and Balkrishna Babaji respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Huzur Depy. Collr., Sholapur, on the 21st March.

Lieut.-Col. G. R. C. Westropp and E. W. West respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Political Supdt., Savantvadi, on the 1st March.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.
Bombay, April 12.

Vol. G. Tarrick, C. Company, having resigned, is struck off the strength of the Corps from this date.

The range is reserved to C. Company on Tuesday next, the 18th inst., for the Kemp Medal Competition, and on Thursday, the 20th inst., for the Maxwell Cup Competition.

Vol. J. Rudd having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to C. Company.

By order, A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

FRANKS—April 11th, at Indore, Central India, the wife of Captain N. Franks, of a daughter.
PINSENT—April 11th, at Madras, the wife of Charles P. T. Pinsent, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

BAYNE—April 4, at Kurseong, Darjeeling, Eleanor, the wife of R. Roskell Bayne.
LAWDER—April 5th, at Tuticorin, Edwin Henry Lawder, late of Ceylon.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the FloralFountain, next to *BombayGazette* Office

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & Co. beg to notify to the public that they are the SOLE AGENTS in this Presidency of Messrs. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE, the original and eminent Pianoforte Manufacturers of Stuttgart ; and intending purchasers should be careful in seeing the name of this firm, in full, on the instruments, as otherwise they are only spurious imitations. Prices on the short or long system on application, as well as rates for hire. Bombay, 2, Rampart Row, 26th January, 1882.

A. MENIST,
OCULIST OPTICIAN,

RESPECTFULLY announces that, having received numerous solicitations, he has been again induced to pay a professional visit to this great city ; but his stay will be limited, as important affairs demand his presence in Europe.

The superiority of his Spectacles, Eye-glasses, and Binoculars is so well known throughout India, that it is not necessary further to mention it. Mr. Menist has devoted a lifetime to the profession, and the success which has attended his treatment of numerous difficult and apparently hopeless cases of defective vision sufficiently guarantee his skill.

Mr. Menist may be consulted at the Establishment of his agents.

Messrs. C. MARCKS & CO.,
2, RAMPART-ROW.

Pamphlets containing testimonials free on application.

MANY persons are told by spectacle-sellers, who call themselves opticians, that glass is as good for the eye as Pebble. Mr. M. differs on this point, and in so doing is desirous of explaining the difference between Pebbles made from Brazilian quartz and glass. Glass does not retain its transparency when exposed to atmospheric influences ; it becomes more or less turbid from some spontaneous decomposition or re-arrangement of its elements. The advantage of Pebble over glass is such, the hardness over the former which is therefore not liable to scratch in use, and being a better conductor of heat than glass. To make a perfect Pebble, its axis must be cut at right angles to the axis of double refraction ; these essentials are by no means to be found in cheap Pebble spectacles, and therefore the only Security the purchaser has is to buy of an optician of repute who will be more desirous to supply the best quality Pebbles.

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FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our sole agents at Poona for the sale of
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FEBRUARY 15 1882.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.
(*Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.*)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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14 MADRAS & SOUTHERN INDIA—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB—The Gilchrist Scholarship Examinations.
15 LEADING ARTICLES—The Expansive Force of India—The Indian Law of Divorce.
16 LEADING ARTICLE—Russia and China.
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19 OFFICIAL GAZETTES—Government of India Orders—Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India.
20 Bengal Government Orders—Madras Government Orders—Bombay Government Orders.
21, 22 BOMBAY COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE—MONEY MARKET.
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24 ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1882.

THE fact of Prince Lobanow's being summoned to St. Petersburg, as is supposed to replace General Ignatieff as Minister of the Interior, is an evidence of the present desire of the Czar to "reassure the timid," if Prince Bismarck and the Austrian Cabinet may be so designated. Immediately after the delivery of General Skobeleff's firebrand speeches one of Prince Bismarck's semi-official organs imperiously declared that the Russian Government should repudiate the General's utterances, not by words but by acts. The retirement of Prince Gortschakoff was a measure long foreseen, but M. de Giers being appointed to the Foreign Ministry in his place was a first satisfaction given to the Teutonic powers. M. de Giers is a peace Minister. Prince Lobanow is a man of the same stamp. He was appointed Russian Ambassador at Constantinople after the treaty of San Stefano was signed, because it was hoped that his character for moderation and good sense would help to dissipate the feelings of dread and antipathy which had been aroused in that capital by the overwhelming success of the policy of his predecessor at the Embassy, General Ignatieff. The latter is notoriously the astute and untiring Chief of the Russian forward school. It was popularly believed that he arranged with General Skobeleff the tenor of the speeches which created so much consternation. It is even said that he corrected the draft of the Paris speech to the Servian students. To dismiss him now and call Prince Lobanow to the Ministry of the Interior is a step which it is wise, and even necessary, to take if Germany and Austria are to be reassured.

IN discussing the appointment of a successor to Sir Michael Westropp, a good deal of stress is laid upon the question whether or no the exalted position of Chief Justice is reserved for what is rather indefinitely described as a "practising barrister." This circumstance must be considered in estimating the prospects of Sir Charles Sargent, Mr. Justice West, or a dark horse from Westminster Hall. It is not our intention to "run" any particular candidate, or to do more than cursorily examine the question of policy involved in the respective candidatures, if so they may be called. If we have expressed any opinion on the subject at all, it has been in favour of gracefully awarding to Sir Charles Sargent the position which he has several times filled with satisfaction, and which in his case would be an appropriate recognition of his long career and eminent judicial services. But, no doubt, a variety of considerations have to be taken into account, and though we may have a decided opinion as to which candidate, under the circumstances, has the best claim, the responsibility of selection rests with Lord Hartington, and our duty will be to criticise his decision. By the elevation of Sir Charles Sargent the debated point to which we have referred would, it is true, be avoided. He has earned the qualification of a "practising barrister," and he would be acceptable to the Bar and those who support its claims. At the same time, such a selection could not be said to prejudice the aspirations of the civilian judges, because his long occupancy of the Bench would of itself be quite sufficient to justify his appointment. This would not be the result of the promotion of an English barrister, because that would mean that the precedent in favour of a "practising barrister" had been deliberately ratified, just as the elevation of Mr. Justice West would signify that it had been abandoned.

The question which we are brought to consider is one which is capable of exciting a good deal of feeling among what are termed "professional circles." It affects the dearly cherished "privileges of the Bar ;" and we know with what pertinacity the lawyers at home have rallied to the defence of their professional perquisites against the reforming schemes of Lord Selborne and Lord Cairns. The general public have never been very keen in appreciating the merits of these professional disputes, and it is only on rare occasions that even in England they have roused themselves to forcibly withdraw some public legal question from this narrow circle of conflict. The qualification necessary for an Indian Chief-Justiceship is really a remanet of a subject which was at one time argued with fierce eloquence and untiring energy. Whether a barrister or a civilian judge was the more efficient is a problem which has aroused more heated controversy, and upon which more indignation has been expended, than has, perhaps, fallen to the share of any other specific topic of Indian administration. It has lain dormant for so many years that we would hardly care to refer to it, if it had not cropped up again in Bombay over the suggestions which have been made respecting the future Chief Justice. In this, as in most cases, there are two sides to the question, though partisans on one side or the other have never been got to admit it. It is, perhaps, the possibility of both parties being at once in the right and in the wrong that has irritated them. We all know the story of the country justice who disliked to hear "the other side" "because it bothered him," and it is not without a sense of the peril we are incurring that we venture to examine the matter. While the barrister-civilian controversy was at its height Mr. J. B. Norton, in a paper published at the time, put the case for the lawyers very clearly. "It strikes me," he writes, "that a man well versed in the theory and practice of the law of evidence, skilled in cross-examination, and with that knowledge of human nature which practice in courts of law furnishes, would, *à priori*, be more likely to detect falsehood and elucidate truth than a young gentleman left to his own devices to investigate a case, without any landmark, any experience, any knowledge of the fundamental principles of evidence." This appears very conclusive, but as a matter of fact the comparison is altogether false. No one would think of offering "a man" well-versed in theory and skilled in practice and with a profound knowledge of human nature, the post of a third-grade assistant judge, and, on the other hand, it would be sheer insanity to suggest that a "young gentleman," without knowledge or experience, should be accomodated with a seat on the Bench of the High Court. Mr. Norton's opponents indulged in similar exaggeration. The barristers' case was attacked with considerable vigour by a writer in "Blackwood" nearly a quarter of a century ago. "We consider," says the writer, referring to the old Supreme Courts, "these courts to be decidedly the worst in the country : presided over by Queen's judges with enormous salaries, they have seldom received even a decent amount of professional knowledge on the Bench, while the Bar is, of course, proportionately second-rate. Barristers of fame and promise at home will, seldom forego the career that opens in Westminster Hall and St. Stephen's. The crimson-silk, silver sticks, and 'barbaric gold' of the Indian judge are the insignia of acknowledged mediocrity, not seldom of proved incapacity in English law." If the writer of this slashing criticism meant simply to say that first-class English barristers would not give up their chances of the Woolsack, or the Queen's Bench, in order to become judges of the High Court of Bombay or Madras, no one will quarrel with him, but we must all admit that the "barbaric gold" in question is quite valuable enough to attract a much higher class of lawyers than men of "acknowledged mediocrity" and "proved incapacity in English law." In like manner, Mr. Baynes must be held to have overdone his "Plea for the Madras Judges" when he maintained that they were every day called upon to deal with cases which, if submitted to a full Bench at Westminster, could only be decided by the head or the tail "of a half-crown, driven upwards by the thumb of the Lord Chief Justice."

To our mind a good deal must be allowed for the advantages of practising at the Bar. There is no doubt it is a valuable training for the work of a judge. Nevertheless it is open to question whether too much has not been made in England of training at the Bar, and too little of training on the Bench. There is a traditional idea in England that judges should not be promoted. A county-court judge, or a police magistrate, never gets beyond his grade, nor, with rare exceptions, does a puisne judge become a Chief Justice. The creation of a Court of Appeal has given a limited scope for promotion, but a Lord Chancellor was supposed to have gone generously out of his way when he took Baron Bramwell from the Court of Exchequer and Justice Lush from the Queen's Bench to places of greater dignity. It is precisely the feature of judicial promotion which is one of several acknowledged advantages the Scotch judicial system has over the English. Nor must it be forgotten that the plan of raising distinguished advocates to the Bench has no very general acceptance outside England. On the Continent, generally speaking, the judicial service is quite distinct from the profession of the Bar, and if the calibre of Continental judges has been impugned, their alleged inferiority has never been attributed to their system of training, but to their wretched pay, and the fact that, in some countries at least, their appointment and promotion were due to political considerations. It is also significant that brilliant barristers have rarely made successful judges. Mr. Justice Hawkins, to go no further, was in his day one of the most distinguished ornaments of the English Bar, and he has certainly not proved a strong judge. Lord Justice James was at the time of his death probably the ablest judge on the English Bench, yet he did not make his reputation till he became a judge, and his is, moreover, one of the few cases of judicial promotion that have occurred in England. When the late Lord Justice Thesiger was raised to the Bench, he was assailed with stock charges of juvenility and inexperience, but during his too brief career he exhibited judicial qualities which had not been discovered by his colleagues at the Bar. While, therefore, we quite admit the value of an advocate's training, we do not desire to see too much made of it, nor to see too little account taken of the varied experience and judicial training gained by sitting many years on the Mofussil Bench. But we particularly object to laying down hard and fast rules in a matter of this sort. Such a stipulation as that a "practising barrister" only could be made Chief Justice would, for example, exclude a man of Mr. Justice West's knowledge and experience, and open the position to a judge of less capacity, but who had the good fortune, at some period of his life, however remote, to hold a few briefs at the Old Bailey or Middlesex Sessions ; or, worse still, it would permit the appointment of some individual of "acknowledged mediocrity" and "proved incapacity" such as stirred the anger of the writer in "Blackwood." It would certainly be advisable to give preference to men trained alike on the Bench and at the Bar, according to the talents shown. Every case should be considered on its merits. We certainly see no reason why exceptionally talented civilian judges should be debarred from attaining the highest prize of the judicial career.

EXTREMES meet. The Marquis of Salisbury agrees with Mr. Parnell that the Land Act is a failure, and that the tenants should be given facilities for acquiring the farms in their occupation upon just and reasonable terms." The coquetting, noticeable for a couple of months past, between the Conservatives and the Parnellites has evidently resulted in an understanding of which a peasant proprietary scheme for Ireland is the basis. If the high contracting parties had the means of carrying out the programme upon which they have apparently agreed, nothing would be wanting to their happiness. The Liberals would be once more "dished," and Mr. Gladstone and his Cabinet would be done for. But recent divisions in the House of Commons have shown too clearly that Conservatives and Home Rulers combined are in a hopeless minority whenever the Government whips up its supporters. The identity of view in respect to peasant proprietorship between the queerly assorted allies will not therefore avail anything as against the Ministry, at all events until a dissolution of Parliament. No doubt Lord Salisbury expresses a growing opinion amongst the Conservatives when he advocates the purchase by the small tenantry of their farms. It is a political necessity to interest a large section of the population in the maintenance of the rights of property. While seven hundred and fifty individuals own half the island, it is clear that the Government can have no real support in endeavouring to defend the Haves against the Have-nots. It is sound statesmanship to convert a number of the latter into Conservatives by the only process capable of effecting the transformation.

WE have before us the Madras Army List published 1st April, 1882, a few extracts from which cannot fail to be interesting at the present time, when the coast army, like the others, is about to suffer diminution. There are at present in the Madras Staff Corps 13 lieutenant-colonels with off-reckonings, 183 lieutenant-colonels effective, 133 majors, 39 captains, and 82 lieutenants. In other words, there are 316 field officers to 39 captains and 82 lieutenants. These numbers will show, we think, the necessity of some comprehensive measure to get rid of surplus field officers. The order throwing open the commutation scheme to a few senior officers of the regiments to be disbanded will have no appreciable effect on this formidable list of colonels. It is only natural to suppose that a fair proportion of these gentlemen would retire, if the same terms were offered to them that are offered to their disbanded comrades ; and surely if it pays Government to offer these terms in the case of a few, it will pay to offer them to as many as will take them. One great fault of the new plan of reducing the Indian Army is that the inducements to officers to retire are limited to a very few, some of whom it may be to the advantage of the service to retain in active employment. The effect of this redundancy of field officers is very clearly shown when one looks into the regimental organisation of the Madras Army. An officer recently summed up his experience of the officering of native regiments generally, by saying that each corps appeared to have with it "two old colonels and a boy." In the 6th Madras N. I. we find there is one full colonel, two lieutenant-colonels, three majors, and two lieutenants. Of these a colonel, a lieutenant-colonel, and a major are at home. The 17th Regiment N. I. has a colonel, four majors, a captain, and a subaltern on its rolls ; but of these, one of the majors, the captain, and the subaltern are all on furlough, so the regiment is worked by a full colonel and three majors. A regiment thus composed entirely of field officers is, we believe, unknown in any Presidency but Madras. The 22nd N. I. has a full colonel, five majors (all present, one of them being quartermaster), and one subaltern. The 23rd N. I. differs from the 22nd in this, that it has two full colonels, one major, and two lieutenants. In the 37th N. I. there is one full colonel, four lieutenant-colonels, three majors, and one lieutenant. Of the four lieutenant-colonels, one is at home, and two of the majors are also on furlough ; so this leaves a native regiment with a working complement of a colonel, three lieutenant-colonels, one major, and one lieutenant. The last example we shall give is the 40th N. I., which is officered by a colonel, two lieutenant-colonels, two majors, and a lieutenant. It will be seen that Sir Frederick Roberts has the difficult question before him of deciding what had best be done with all these field officers. The Madras regiments are said to be well drilled and thoroughly efficient, and it is through no fault of their own that all these gentlemen have become colonels and majors ; but the system under which a state of things such as is here shown has become possible, is utterly preposterous. The extravagance of having field officers in regiments to do the work of subalterns is too obvious to be insisted on. We can only hope, in the best interest of the Indian Army, that Government will offer colonels generally some scheme of retiring pensions likely to commend itself to those for whose benefit it is intended. To disband a few regiments and to maintain a costly army of field officers is a measure of economy that will hardly command implicit confidence. On a further reference to the list of officers in the Madras Staff Corps, we find we have omitted 30 lieutenants who are shown as "on probation." It is said that in all three Presidencies the prospect of speedy promotion in their own regiments tempts a good many young officers who are on probation to throw up the Staff Corps, and join their own service again. We hope that the Madras Army will keep the lieutenants it has already, and will speedily [illegible] a few more.

WITH reference to the rumour of Mr. Justice Pinhey's retirement, mentioned by us yesterday, the facts appear to be these :—For some time the honourable judge has been in a rather delicate state of health, and having been thirty-two years in India his medical man advised him to return to England at once. It seems that he had practically made up his mind to do so, but within the last week or two his health has so far improved that it is probable he will remain on the Bench for the three years which he requires to serve before earning his judge's pension.

It is believed that Major Baring will give up his Financial post in the Government of India, and return to England, in consequence of his present serious attack of typhoid fever. Indeed, he contemplated taking this step when Mrs. Baring was attacked recently with the same malady. Major Baring's retirement would be regarded with general regret.

HERR SCHMUCK'S CONCERT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—All lovers of music will thank you for your polished and appreciative notice of last night's concert, and will concur unreservedly in the tribute you pay Herr Schmuck for the treat afforded us in his concerted music. Let us hope that we have entered on a new phase in our musical tastes. Herr Schmuck has commenced to supply a want that has long been felt, and long may he continue to delight us as he did last night.

PAX.

MEM-SAHIBS AT QUETTA.

A CORRESPONDENT writes from Quetta that the gentlemen there have at last made up their minds to bring up their Mem-Sahibs. "There are at present about half a dozen in the station, but I hear before many months are over Quetta will be crammed with them. The A. G. G. is determined to make Quetta really a pretty place. All the roads and buildings are being lined with trees, and the P. W. D. are busy in making new bridges and buildings. The trees are being obtained from Kandahar. Should the Mem-Sahibs desire to come up to Quetta, they should make it known prior to the pass being closed, which will be shortly."

THE GRANT FAMILY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Can any of your readers tell me whether Charles Grant, father of Lord Henly, and also of Sir Robert Grant, Governor of Bombay, was a Bombay Civil Servant ? He was one of the founders of the "Clapham School" and three times after 1805 chairman of the East India Company.

April 13. INQUIRER.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The new organisation of the above service has created a great sensation among its members, notably those of the Bengal Presidency, where it is in full swing. What a crushing blow it has been to the hopes of the young aspirant to better things, who after working hard at college, and coming off with honours perhaps, finds almost his equal in the native ward-boy as far as utility in a military hospital is concerned ! He cannot now, though he were plumed with the highest degree of a Medical Faculty of Great Britain, be anything more than an apothecary. What a waste of time and public money is it, giving lads an expensive collegiate training for three years, to end in nothing more dignified than going about the wards of a hospital armed with bottles and gallipots to dole out medicines and mixtures to half-sick soldiers ! Some of these dignitaries are honoured, too, with the august title of "warrant officer." What respect can the private soldier have for such an officer when the latter is thus constituted his bearer-in-waiting ? After a few years of this sort of life the gallipot boy may be ordered through the "exigencies of the service" to the medical charge of a detachment of men during a march varying from a week to a month or more, or to some other minor charge, where through his previous training he cannot but feel himself out of place, and is not to be blamed if he blunders through his work.

There is another sore point not passed the suppurative stage, apart from the new order of things, which may be worth mentioning here, and that is the entire absence of any recognition of good service rendered by those members of the Subordinate Medical Department who served in the late Afghan campaign. Are there none amongst them who have proved themselves worthy of a more tangible reward than a war medal ? This want of appreciation of earnest zeal is calculated to smother the surviving spark of martial spirit left in the ranks of the S.M.D., reducing them to mere automata, and is severely contrasted by the promotions for similar services to warrant officers of other departments lately gazetted. What a compliment to that noble body of men, the officers of both branches of the medical staff, to find their subordinates thus shunted out of the road !

I trust some, not quite dead to their own interests, will come forward, and pour forth their grievances to the public—the only thing left in order to secure their sympathy and perhaps that of our new departmental head, Sir Anthony Home, V.C., K.C.B., from whom may be safely expected an unbiased view of the present low and pitiable condition of his subordinates, and who will no doubt cause justice to be rendered where justice is due.

April 11. AN INTERESTED [illegible]

THE TOWN HALL AS A CONCERT-ROOM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It must have occurred to very many people who attended Herr Schmuck's concert yesterday afternoon that if Bombay required one thing more than another, it is a music-hall or concert-room. And I have often wondered that Sir Albert Sassoon did not withhold his beautiful gift of an organ to the city of Bombay until a fit receptacle was built for it. There is something about the Town Hall particularly depressing and particularly disagreeable. There is a stuffiness about the place one would feel in going into a vault. Yesterday was a cool and agreeable day, comparatively speaking, and there was a delicious sea breeze towards evening ; yet even when the doors were thrown open at the Town Hall last evening, very little of the sea breeze appeared to find its way into the hall, and it was too late to do anybody any good, as the stuffiness, or whatever it is, had penetrated into the systems of most of the audience, I fancy, and could not be driven out by a whiff of fresh air at the last moment. Of course it is patent to every-one that the hall is bad for singers or listeners. And altogether it is a dreary place even with the gas jets lighted, as was the case last evening. The wonder to me is that the musical amateurs of Bombay do not take the matter in hand, and not let the public alone until funds are forthcoming to build a music-hall or concert-room that will be a fit receptacle for the Sassoon gift, as well as a place rendering amateur or professional musical entertainments pleasureable to performers as well as listeners. There is money enough in Bombay, and people are not chary of money where the object is desirable. And if it is not desirable that we have a music-hall or concert-room, pray what is more desirable ? Somebody must start the thing. What is everybody's business is nobody's business. Somebody must make the first move. Need I say that whoever does make the first move, and by his example induces others to come forward, will merit the thanks of the musical public in particular and concert-goers in general ? Bombay people are no doubt musical, and the wonder to me is that so many amateurs will come forward, and that so many listeners can bring themselves to endure an afternoon sitting, at a Town Hall concert.

April 13. X. Y. Z.

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TELEGRAMS.

HOSTILITIES BETWEEN BURMAH AND THE SHAN STATES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, APRIL 13.

The *Englishman* publishes the following telegram from Rangoon, April 12:—The expedition sent by the Burmese against the Shan States, who refused to pay tribute, has completely collapsed. After repeated repulses Yaw Mengyee proposed a conference. The Shans stipulated that he should come with only a few followers. On arrival at the Shan camp he was imprisoned, and a message in his name was sent to the Burmese army that matters were satisfactorily arranged, and requesting them to join him at once. They came, and were decoyed away from their arms, which were immediately seized. Want of pay had disaffected the men, who quietly acquiesced in their fate, and are now domesticated amongst the Shans. The latter, therefore, are practically independent.

MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, APRIL 13.

The agitation in connection with the so-called municipal mismanagement which commenced last season and gave rise to much ill-feeling here, is reviving. A public meeting is to be held at "Benmore" on the 20th instant to decide what further action should be taken towards effecting reform in the municipal admini stration of Simla.

THE BENGAL IRON-WORKS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, APRIL 13.

THE *Englishman* states that Government has purchased the Bengal Iron-works for four lakhs and thirty thousand rupees.

AFGHANISTAN AFFAIRS.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)
SIMLA, APRIL 13.

The Amir has sent orders for an advance of money being made to Sirdar Mohsin Khan, who is reported to have left Kandahar for Kabul. The Governor of Kandahar escorted him to some distance.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE MARQUIS OF SALISBURY ON THE IRISH LAND ACT.

LONDON, APRIL 13.

At a Conservative banquet given at Liverpool yesterday, the Marquis of Salisbury made a speech, in which he expressed his opinion that the Irish Land Act cannot last. His Lordship expressed his approval of the scheme for providing facilities for small tenants to purchase the farms in their occupation upon just and reasonable terms.

RETURN OF THE QUEEN TO ENGLAND.

Her Majesty the Queen, whose health has derived much benefit from her change at Mentone, is now returning to Windsor.

RECALL OF PRINCE LOBANOW.

ST. PETERSBURG, APRIL 12.

Prince Lobanow, the Russian Ambassador in London, has been summoned to St. Petersburg, where it is believed he will replace General Ignatieff as Minister of the Interior.

EXECUTION OF GENERAL STRELNIKOW'S MURDERERS.

The murderers of General Strelnikow, who were recently respited at the last moment, have now been hanged.

THE RIOTS IN CATALONIA.

MADRID, APRIL 12.

The state of seige in Catalonia, which was necessitated by the riots there in connection with the Franco-Spanish Commercial Treaty, has been raised as tranquillity in that province has now been restored.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, APRIL 13.

Lieut.-Genl. Cannon and Lieut.-Col. Dehardy.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LISBON, APRIL 12.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Navarino, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this evening.

PORT SAID, APRIL 12.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kangra, outward bound for Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here on the afternoon of the 11th instant.

GALLE, APRIL 13.

Mail-steamer Ganges, from Aden, ...

TRINCOMALEE, A...

H. M. S. Euryalus, from ... from Aden, arrived.

... 13.

The Liverpool Cotto... hardening tendency. Sura...

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dhollera	4½
The Manchester Market has been dull.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1-8¼
4 per cent. Rupee paper	81¾
4½ per cent. do.	91½
3 per cent. Consols for account	101½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102¼
5 per cent. French Rentes	118¼
Bar Silver	52⅛
Oriental Bank Shares	£17-10
Chartered Bank Shares	£23-10
Chartered Mercantile Bank Shares	£17
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares	£49-10
Arrivals—Ossian and Imbros.	

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY, NIGHT, APRIL 12.
(Madras time.)

At 10 p.m.	78·7
THURSDAY, APRIL 13.	
" 6 a.m.	75·2
" 10 a.m.	83·3
" 2 p.m.	86·9
" 4 p.m.	85·3

THE foundation stone of a new Mechanics' Institution in connection with the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company was laid yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Mathew. The building will be a large one, and will possess an assembly-room, library, billiard-room, reading-room, coffee-room, &c. For some years the B. B. and C. I. railway employés at Parel have had the benefit of an excellent reading-room, library, &c., but their requirements having outgrown the accomodation provided, a new building is to be raised which will meet every want. About 1,500 or 2,000 men are employed in the Parel workshops, and a large number of these are typical "British workmen," who fully appreciate the advantages of such an institution. The company have also a school at Parel, at which about 40 or 50 children are educated, and they very liberally pay half the cost of the education of children of their employés at other schools, and give them also free passage to and fro. In the room at present used as an Institute church services conducted by the Rev. Dr. Evans have been held on Sunday evenings, and H. E. the Governor has on several occasions attended. His Excellency takes a great interest in the railway employés at Parel, and has more than once during his absence from Bombay thrown open to them the grounds of Government House.

DURING the week ended the 11th April again, there was only one death from cholera in Bombay, which occurred in the Chuckla division of the city. The average number of deaths from cholera in the corresponding weeks of the previous five years has been ten. The cholera epidemic in the Thana district, we are glad to see, appears to be abating. There were 46 deaths last week, as compared to 66 in the week previous.

SIR ROBERT EGERTON, the retired Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, and Lady Egerton leave for London by to-day's mail-steamer.

Two sons of Sir Salar Jung, the Hyderabad Minister, leave England by the Rome to-day.

MAJOR W. MERRIMAN, R.E., recently brought on the Public Works establishment as Executive ... has been appointed Executive ...

REGARDING the Burmese Embassy, the *Pioneer's* Rangoon correspondent states:—The object of the Embassy is not made public, but it is understood that the Atwinwoon has full powers, and that the Burmese Government is anxious to conclude a treaty.

THE sanitary condition of Agra appears to require attention, an up-country paper says, for during the past four months there have been no less than seven cases of typhoid fever amongst officers of the garrison, besides other cases of less serious illness.

THE foundation stone of the first cotton mill in the Madras mofussil was laid at Bellary by Mr. H. P. Gordon, the Collector, on the 3rd instant.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to an Indian contemporary that recently at Singapore, the disestablishment of the Colonial Church was discussed in Council, thrown out unanimously, and sent back to Lord Kimberley for reconsideration. "In the discussion Roman Catholics, Presbyterians, Dissenters, and Churchmen all joined in condemning the proposal, and there the Governor and Chief Justice are both Roman Catholics."

THE latest news received from Southern Afghanistan, the *Pioneer* says, is to the effect that the country remains quiet, and that *kafilas* have passed in safety between Kandahar and Herat. The tribes west of the Helmund have not paid revenue, and still enjoy practical independence. The belief that the Amir intends marching with an army from Kabul to Herat, by way of Kandahar, settling the country passed through, has now died away, though fresh troops are shortly expected from Kabul. No mention is made of the mutinous spirit which, it was said, the local Gihilzai levies had shown.

IN the account of the working of the Kandahar Railway during 1880, in the recently published Railway Report, there is a calculation *apropos* of the work that fell upon the line of taking up reinforcements to the front after the disaster at Maiwand, of the comparative carrying capacity of railway trains and camel transport. It is assumed that a camel can carry five maunds ten miles a day; therefore one camel equals 50 maund miles. A railway train of thirty-five 10-ton wagons can travel 200 miles in 24 hours, thus performing 35 by 10 by 28 by 200, or nearly 2,000,000 maund miles per day. What one train did with comparative ease in a day of 16 hours it would have taken 2,500 camels to do in a fortnight. Had the railway not been open, it would seem almost impossible that any reinforcements from the Beloochistan side should have reached Kandahar at all. At any rate the loss of men and animals in pushing up troops in the months of August and September across the desert between Jacobabad and Sibi would have been terrible.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from the Bombay Presidency to the Allahabad paper, says:—"It seems certain that the 3rd Sind Horse will be disbanded. The officers and men will be drafted into other regiments, but their own corps will disappear from the Army List. There is this difference between the 3rd and the other two regiments of Sind Horse, that in it there is a certain proportion of Sikhs, whereas the 1st and 2nd Regiments are composed entirely of Pathans and Delhi Mussulmans. Up to 1861 the Sind Horse Brigade, which owed its existence to General John Jacob, consisted of four regiments."

AT the third general meeting of the Indian Co-operative Agency, Limited, the accounts showed a gross profit on the year's working of Rs. 24,168, of which Rs. 7,176 was deducted, being the cost to the company of delivery of goods in India and New Zealand free of charge; the balance, Rs. 16,992, has been chiefly expended in the working of the Agency, including advertising, and the establishment of agencies at all the seaports of importance in India and Ceylon. In some remarks made at the meeting the Chairman reminded those present that the Agency was founded "for the purpose of supplying our friends in India, both European and native, with the commodities they require, as good, and at such reasonable prices, as they can be procured for in England. And if we have expended our money and time hitherto without profit to ourselves, let us consider what great benefits have accrued to our numerous friends abroad, and what future good we may be doing them."

A KURRACHEE correspondent writes to an up-country paper:—I hear rumours of various impending changes, all fraught with interest for military men. It is said, on good authority, that the Nusserabad Brigade will be shortly abolished as a separate command; the garrison will probably be under the General Officer at either Mhow or Neemuch. The former is a British Major-General's and the latter an Indian Brigadier's command. Changes, too, are imminent in the Public Works Department. The Military Works of Madras and Bombay will, in all probability, be shortly brought together with those of Bengal, the N.-W. P., and the Punjab, under one head, who would be styled Director-General, and who, like the present Inspector-General, would be under the Commander-in-Chief.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to the *Pioneer*:—It appears to be a growing fashion amongst us here in India to describe the wives of Members of Council, Judges, and others who are entitled to the prefix "Hon'ble" while holding the offices to which the distinction is attached, as if they, the wives, were entitled to the same distinction. The fashion is a ridiculous one, and would be likely, if noticed in England, to take rank amongst the peculiarities which raise a laugh or sneer at the expense of Anglo-Indians. The "Rev." Mrs. Smith is an unknown dignitary in the clerical world, but the "Hon'ble" Mrs. Jones is recognised by this new fashion as a luminary in legal and official circles. One can understand the appearance of such a fashion in the British Colonies. Probably the majority of the men in the Colonies who have a right to prefix "Hon'ble" to their name have risen from the ranks, and there would be nothing very wonderful in the matter if they, or their friends, or their newspapers conferred the title on the partners of their joys and sorrows. But, as a rule, the men who are styled "Hon'ble" in Her Majesty's Indian service are gentlemen and persons who have received a liberal education. It is all the more objectionable, therefore, that such persons should allow their wives to be decorated with unauthorised and ridiculous titles. That famous woman, the wife of my Lord Bishop Proudie, was, despite her ambition, plain Mrs. Proudie. And the wife of the Lord Chief Justice of England is, unless her husband happens to be a peer of the realm, plain "Mrs." The wife of the Right Hon'ble W. E. Gladstone is simply Mrs. Gladstone, and the wife of the Archbishop of Canterbury claims no distinguishing prefix to her name. Quite lately the travels, and opinions, and doings of the "Right Hon'ble" Mr. Baxter have supplied, for months, almost daily paragraphs to the Indian Press, but we have heard nothing of the "Right Hon'ble" Mrs. Baxter. Indeed, I saw the trunks and portmanteaus of the gentleman at an Indian railway station, and was much amused at seeing that he was so tenacious of his "Right Hon'ble" distinction that he had caused it to be largely impressed upon his baggage. But even in this case there appeared to be no reflected glory upon the lady who shared Mr. Baxter's adventures in the far East of a character so pronounced as to lead her to assume a "Right Hon'ble" addition to her plain English name.

THE *Spectator* is far from wondering that a Queen should wander abroad. Its wonder is that Kings are not always gadding. It must be such a luxury to be rid for a few moments of that responsible relation to the very soil, even if it be wholly imaginary—to be among things and people which have no closer relation to yourself than to any other spectator. The traveller may have been a fool who, when warned that the ship was on fire, replied, "I am only a passenger," but was certainly a philosopher who understood the true sources of mental ease. A King outside his own hereditary dominions must feel very like him, must fancy the air lighter, and read the local news with a much deeper feeling, if not of content, at least of placidity. Nowhere except abroad can the atmosphere of responsibility be lifted, in his own imagination, from his brain; nowhere else can he feel that most recuperative of feelings, the sense which Tennyson described as the sense of afternoon, and somebody else, Theodore Hook, we believe, as "after-dinnerishness," when "you have nothing to do, and be hanged if you do it." There is no reason to grudge Sovereigns their holidays, or the restfulness ... them embodied, not in "being ... -ssionals put it, but in the in... -ting luxury of not being at ...

... e debate on the Anti-Chi...

A CITY correspondent writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* as follows:—"While the affairs of the Reform Club are being overhauled, it might not be amiss to bestow a little attention on the manner in which it has for some time treated candidates for admission coming from the City. Liberalism needs a good deal of cultivation here, but the blackballing clique at the Reform has systematically done its best to further the spread of the opposite school of politics by rejecting City merchants, stock-brokers, bill-brokers, or bankers pretty well indiscriminately. We know of more than one instance besides the notorious ones mentioned in the *World* where this treatment has driven men of slight political sympathy into the Tory camp. The truth appears to be that the Reform Club is rapidly becoming a nest of barristers—briefless and other—and that these band together to keep out those who are not of their own set. Certainly the club is rapidly becoming no longer the focus of the Liberal party, nor its true head."

A NOVEL application of the motive power supplied by the waves of the sea has been designed by an American, Mr. Bigler, of Newbury, in the utilisation of the movement of the water for the purpose of illuminating an electric lamp attached to buoys placed to mark sunken rocks or other dangers to navigation. Experiments recently made at New York seem to prove the practicability of the scheme. A small dynamo-electric machine is fixed to the buoy connected with a mechanical contrivance so arranged that the movements of the buoy as it is tossed about by the waves set it in motion, and so generate a current of electricity, which is conveyed to an Edison incandescent lamp fixed outside the buoy. The intermittent action of the waves conveys a corresponding intermittent action to the machine, and causes a similar alternate illumination and extinction of the lamp. Consequently, when the sea is rough, the lamp is instantaneously lighted and remains alight while one wave passes over the buoy, and then remains extinguished till the next wave sets the machinery in action. This contrivance is an adaptation of an existing method of causing buoys to become self-acting fog-horns. The buoy is fitted with an apparatus so placed that the pressure of a wave confines a certain amount of air in a receiver from which it can only escape through a whistle or horn. By this means a warning sound is emitted at short intervals, more or less intense, and of longer or shorter duration according as the sea is rough or smooth. During a calm, when the buoy is easily seen or avoided, neither fog-horn nor warning light is in action; but they both come into activity when the violence of the sea increases the necessity for the signals which they afford.

PAREL B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY MECHANICS' INSTITUTION.

LAST evening the foundation stone of a new Mechanics' Institution was laid at Parel by Mrs. Mathew. The ceremony took place in a shamiana which had been erected on the site of the building, and among those present were Mr. Mathew, Agent and Chief Engineer of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Mr. J. M. Sleater, Mr. and Mrs. Hargreave, Mr. and Mrs. Geary, Mr. J. R. Duxbury, Mr. Duxbury, Junr., Rev. Dr. Evans, Dr. Grey, Mr. O'Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Ogilvie, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Beard, Mr. Whitcombe, Miss Whitcombe, Miss Atkinson, Miss Banks, Mr. Carroll, Mr. Pendlebury, Mr. Walker, Mr. Firth, Mr. Spencer, and Mr. Duigan. Of the new building little need be said from its present appearance, as the foundations are only just laid out; but from the plans prepared and designed by the engineer, Mr. J. M. Sleater, Parel will be able to boast of the most compact and serviceable Institution in Bombay. It will possess an assembly-room of spacious dimensions running from west to east, with a large billiard-room in continuation capable of accomodating two or more tables. These two rooms may on any special occasion be thrown into one by the removal of a light screen. The library, a large square room capable of holding some thousands of books, immediately abuts the assembly-room, running from south to north; and in continuation is a splendid reading-room, with a coffee-room, stores, and lavatory between this. The west front will have a very handsome long frontage, with an entrance porch and belfry, looking on DeLisle-road, the main thoroughfare to Bombay; and the south front will look on to a beautiful grass plot suitable for lawn-tennis and other outdoor amusements. The whole of the building will be close to the pretty little railway station recently erected by the same gentleman from his designs, and on the occasion of any entertainment being held in the new room will be most convenient for visitors coming by rail from Bombay. The style of the building will be Gothic, built of Bombay stone and the best Moulmein teak, the roof being covered with very pretty Bangalore tiles. One very prominent feature in the plan appears to be the splendid doorways, which are lofty and wide, and hung with double doors of venetian frames and glass. Of the workmanship we have only to mention the name of the courteous Clerk of the Works, Mr. W. Nicker, and it will be a sufficient guarantee that there will be no cause of complaint on the opening day. The building, of course, will be the property of the company, but the management is left entirely in the hands of the Council, with the Agent and Chief Engineer Mr. F. Mathew, as President and Mr. E. B. Carroll as Vice-President, with a treasurer, secretary, librarian, and seven councillors elected from members of the Railway staff and employés. The present room has only been temporary provided by the company from one of the offices, and had to answer all purposes, such as library, reading-room, assembly-room, billiard-room, dancing-room, and church. The library is open during three evenings in the week for the issue of books; the reading and billiard-room from day-light to 10 p.m. The dancing class is held fortnightly during the cool season, and church service during Sunday evenings. With regard to the latter, there is prospect of getting a church built in the immediate neighbourhood. Owing to want of better accomodation, the Council have been crippled in their endeavour to promote educational classes, lectures, &c., but they hope to make a stride with the accomodation the new building will provide.

Mr. Sleater said.—It is my pleasing duty to open the proceedings here to-day on this very interesting occasion—interesting inasmuch as we thus assist to promote the cause of education, enlightment, and good-fellowship. Through the good offices and influence of our friend, Mr. Mathew, the Agent and Chief Engineer of this railway, the directors in London gave a ready assent to the proposal for the construction of a suitable house for the Institute known as the Parel Mechanics' Institute. The best thanks of the employés of all grades are due to Mrs. Mathew, who has always taken a deep interest in all that concerns you and your families, and is now here to lay the chief corner-stone of the building intended for your use, and I am sure you will accord to her a welcome befitting the occasion.

The hon. secretary of the Council then came forward and read the following address to Mrs. Mathew:—

MADAM,—We, the members of the Parel Mechanics' Institution, and inhabitants of Parel generally, welcome you on the present occasion, and offer our warmest thanks for the honour conferred by you in coming here to-day for the purpose of laying the foundation stone of our new Institution. We feel that you have been prompted to come here to-day with Mr. Mathew, our President, by that ever-increasing desire to foster and further the interests of the members generally; whether religious or secular, educational or recreational, all have had your and his sympathy and support; and we sincerely trust that although we shall be separated by many thousands of miles, we may still continue to receive the same. In bidding you farewell, we wish you God-speed, with a safe and happy voyage to England, where we hope you may long live to enjoy those blessings which it has been your fortune to receive.

Mr. Mathew said.—It affords me much pleasure to be here to-day to take part in laying the first stone of a building in which I hope that you and your children will enjoy many happy hours of well-spent time. Useful as Mechanics' Institutions are to educated people in all countries, they have a peculiar value in supplying a more urgent want to Europeans, who are in exile in India. I have been anxious that you should have a good Mechanics' Institution, and the Board of Directors most generously responded to my application on your behalf to them, and the Government of Bombay, with the liberal sympathy of which we have had many instances, sanctioned the expenditure of Rs. 37,000 on the building, which has been designed by my friend, Mr. Sleater, with the ability and taste for which he has long been distinguished. When your wish was intimated to me that I should lay the foundation stone to-day, my first thought was that His Excellency the Governor might be asked, but you thought that the opening of the Institution would be a more fitting occasion on which to ask the honour of his presence, and to-day you wished to honour me as an old friend who with very mingled feelings, in which there is much of sadness, is about to leave this country. In my recollections of India the kindness I am to-day receiving from you will be to me always precious, and I am happy to think that one of my latest official proceedings has been to help the founding of an institution which will be a lasting good to you. The building will afford additional rooms to every set of quarters—rooms in which you may enjoy the highest and most elevating pleasures by reading the thoughts of great men, whose works are the most precious inheritance of our race. Carlyle it was, I think, who said "antiquity was the youth of the world," and it certainly was so as regards literature. In days gone by the proudest philosopher had, as it were, only the primers of human literature from which to study, and now the most humble amongst us may at will obtain knowledge in most subjects from many volumes, the works of the greatest men who have ever lived. Besides your library, you will have in this Institution rooms for recreation, in which you will have, I hope, many pleasant gatherings. Well, my friends I am indeed most thankful to you for the kind expression which you have given, after our long intimacy, to your friendly regard. I am very conscious of how little I have been able to perform—how far short my ability ... wishes; but at ... an ...

DINNER TO SIR MICHAEL WESTROPP.

ON Wednesday evening the members of the Byculla Club entertained at dinner Sir Michael Westropp, the retiring Chief Justice of Bombay. Mr. Justice Kemball presided, and there was also present:—Messrs. A. Abercrombie, J. C. Anderson, J. Adams, Hon. L. H. Bayley, Messrs. R. Branson, W. J. Best, R. S. Brown, M. Balfour, Dr. H. J. Blanc, Messrs. J. M. Campbell, R. S. Campbell, E. B. Carroll, A. A. Conroy, A. Craigie, E. Comber, C. Douglas, J. Dickson, G. Druitt, F. Edgelow, C. E. Fox, S. N. Fox, E. McG. Fulton, A. W. Forde, C. H. B. Forbes, L.R.W. Forrest, J. Griffiths, Dr. J. T. Gray, Dr. W. K. Hatch, Dr. A. N. Hojel, Mr. F. S. Hore, Col. H. F. Hancock, Messrs. W. E. Hart, J. D. Inverarity, James Jardine, H. W. Jones, C. W. L. Jackson, H. E. Jacomb, J. Jefferson, S. Jackson, E. Jackson, Hon. C. G. Kemball, Messrs. H. C. Kirkpatrick, G. A. Kittredge, C. Lowell, F. A. Little, Hon. F. L. Latham, Messrs. C. L. Lyon, B. Lang, M. P. Lynch, Dr. J. B. Lyon, Mr. E. T. Leith, Hon. M. Melvill, Capt. H. Morland, Messrs. W. M. Macaulay, F. Mathew, G. W. Moir, J. Macfarlane, E. F. Nicolson, J. W. Orr, F. A. Owen, E. C. K. Ollivant, Hon. Justice R. H. Pinhey, Mr. J. Q. Pigot, Col. A. Phelps, Messrs. W. Porteous, F. D. Parker, C. B. Pritchard, L. P. Russell, Sir C. Sargent, Col. J. M. Sexton, Messrs. R. B. Sedgwick, G. K. Remington, J. M. Sleater, J. A. Shepherd, J. Thorburn, C. A. Turner, R. Walton, Dr. G. Waters, Messrs. J. L. Warden, W. Webb, A.C. Walker, Lieut. Westropp, and Mr. A. Wright.

At the conclusion of the dinner, which was served in the Club's best style, the Chairman arose and proposed in succession the toast of the Queen-Empress and the Prince and the Princess of Wales and the other members of the Royal family, which were duly honoured.

The Chairman, on rising to propose the health of Sir Michael Westropp, was received with loud cheers, at the conclusion of which he spoke as follows:—Gentlemen, I now rise to propose the toast of the evening—in fact, the only remaining toast—the health of our distinguished friend and guest, Sir Michael Westropp. (Loud cheers.) Gentlemen, we have to regret the absence, from unavoidable causes, of the Governor, and of many other eminent members of the Club; and I will, with your permission, read the reply from His Excellency to the invitation given him to attend here this evening. "Sir James Fergusson regrets very much that he cannot have the pleasure of availing himself of the invitation which the Byculla Club has sent him to meet Sir Michael Westropp at dinner on the 12th inst. He would have been glad to have assisted at the entertainment of one who for many years has filled an office of the highest importance, and who retires to his well earned rest with the fullest measure of public appreciation and gratitude." (Cheers). Gentlemen, it is no small thing to receive an honour such as the Club on occasions of this kind honours itself in conferring, and I think I may take it that the presence of Sir Michael Westropp here this evening is a fair indication of his appreciation of the compliment. (Cheers). Gentlemen, there is every reason to believe that it is at the cost of no little physical pain and inconvenience that Sir Michael Westropp is able to be here with us this evening, and the committee feel confident that you will approve of their determination to dispense with the usual toasts in order to save him the fatigue of a protracted entertainment, and with the same object in view I propose to condense the remarks that I am called upon to make into as small a compass as possible. Gentlemen, some twenty-eight years ago Sir Michael Westropp, then a barrister of some fourteen years standing, joined the Bombay Bar, and though comparatively a stranger, in the course of a very short time, he obtained a commanding practise through his great ability and force of character. (Cheers.) And after holding the important and responsible positions successively of Legal Remembrancer and Advocate-General, he was raised in the year 1863 to the Bench of the Bombay High Court, and in 1870 he was still further elevated by his election to the position which he now holds, and which we are sorry he is now to retire from. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, it is not my intention to anticipate what will be said in the course of a few days in another place more properly and more effectively by the learned Advocate-General; nor do I desire to vie with our lawyer poet, who, inspired by the sunny smiles of Sir Michael Westropp, has turned into quaint and graceful verse certain leading cases of that not very interesting publication the Bombay High Court Reports. (Laughter and Cheers.) *Quorum magna pars fuit*, it may be said of our retiring Chief Justice. (Applause.) But, gentlemen, my duty rather I think is on the part of members of this Club to bid Sir Michael Westropp a kindly farewell and to express to him our sorrow at his approaching departure. (Cheers.) You will, I am sure, agree with the learned Sergeant Atkinson who in, I think, his last lecture on Indian Law, said: "The void that his resignation has caused, be his successor who it may, will be felt in this presidency for years to come." (Cheers.) His loss, gentlemen, will indeed be felt no less by the Bench who have recognized in him a worthy chief, a reliable counsellor, and a firm friend—(cheers,)—by the members of the legal profession of this presidency who have ever found in him a man very jealous of their honour, and a staunch consistent supporter of their rights (cheers);—by the Government who, as said by that keen observer, Sir Richard Temple, have ever found his experience of the greatest value in aid of the general administration; and by the general public who have for nearly twenty years enjoyed the benefit of an experience almost unique in its width of range and its high judicial qualities. (Cheers.) I trust, gentlemen, will not be considered out of place if, before I sit down, I make a few remarks with regard to one who is near and dear to Sir Michael Westropp; whose amiable and sympathetic nature has endeared her to us all—(Loud and continued cheering)—who has long been one of the leading members of our society, and whose kindly, courtly presence Bombay will greatly miss. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, we have all sympathised with her during the past long weary weeks of watching and anxiety, and I would say to her in the name of the Club that we hope she will be rewarded by Sir Michael's speedy recovery and by a happy union with her family at home. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, it seems peculiarly fitting that we should entertain Sir Michael Westropp just before his departure from this country, not only on account of his high official position, but also because he has been a member for twenty-six years of this Club and has filled this chair on extraordinary occasions, with dignity and distinction. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, I now beg to give you the health of Sir Michael Westropp, and encouraged by the cordial way in which you have received the allusions to her ladyship, I also give you her ladyship's health. (The toast was most enthusiastically received, the company upstanding and cheering loudly whilst the Band of the 21st N. I., stationed in the compound, played "Auld Lang Syne.")

Sir Michael Westropp, whose rising was the signal for prolonged outburst of cheering, and who in the course of his speech manifested considerable emotion, replied as follows:—Constituted, Mr. President, and Gentlemen, as this Club is, and representing as it does all the most eminent in ability of the civil, military, commercial, and legal members of the English community of this Presidency, I should indeed be more than a stoic if I were not deeply gratified by the compliment which you have paid me by the splendid and costly entertainment with which you have favoured me this day. The kind terms in which my friend and respected colleague, Mr. Justice Kemball, has so generously spoken of me, and the warm manner in which you have manifested your approval of what he said, I must say completely overcomes me. If I have had any success as a judge or as chief justice in this presidency, I cannot fail to admit that it is because I have had able colleagues to support and aid me, both of the civil and professional branches of the High Court; and have had an able and independent Bar to assist in debating various cases which from time to time came before us. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, I trust that the High Court may ever maintain its character, which I believe it fully possesses, of being independent and impartial between the Crown and the subjects, and between the subject and the subject. (Cheers.) Whether these subjects be of one colour or of the other. (Renewed cheering.) It has been my earnest hope that we should be able to attain that success, and that we have to some extent done so I infer from the kindly expressions of feeling which you have exhibited, and the honour that you have this day done me. That it may continue, gentlemen, I feel will be the earnest and ardent desire of all; and I trust that you will be prepared to preserve this independence, and to resist any attacks that from time to time may be made upon it. (Cheers.) Having said this much, I beg to acknowledge that the Government of Bombay has at all times, when judges of the High Court have represented to it that its establishment required increase or improvement, assisted to the utmost of its power to obtain such, and eventually they have done so by perseverance, and occasionally not without a struggle with the Government of India. Gentlemen, I am happy to think that throughout my time the relations of the High Court with the Government of Bombay have been of the most cordial character, and I trust that the same may continue. I cannot help mentioning that when first the great Mofussil Court—the *Sudder Adawlut*—and the Supreme Court were amalgamated and formed into the High Court, doubts were entertained as to whether elements so heterogeneous could work harmoniously together. It is my great gratification that there is now in the High Court, and has been for many years past, most complete unanimity, and we are never asked now whether a member of the Court is a civilian or a barrister, whenever there is any business to be done and the Chief Justice is as glad to see one as the other on either side of the Court. (Cheers.) This harmony has, I am glad to think, been adva... tageous to this presidency. There has grown during the last twenty-years in the presi... of Bombay, a profession strikingly differe... that which existed heretofore—more i... more honourable, and more able to ... -ients. And as to the pleaders of th... are now as respectable a body ... desire; being in this respe... what they once were. ... when in the ... had undergon... -nd ...

SCHOOLS OF THE MISSION OF THE FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

THE annual exhibition and distribution of prizes to the children of all the native female schools in this city connected with the Mission of the Free Church of Scotland in the Bombay Presidency was held yesterday evening at the Ambroli Native Church, in the Girgaum-back-road. The Rev. R. Stothert occupied the chair. The children, numbering about 300, belong principally to the Hindu community. Several of them are native Christian converts. They were all cleanly attired, and conducted themselves in a very orderly manner. They were examined by the Rev. Narayen Sheshadri in respect of the Life of Christ, and delivered their answers in a very intelligent manner. Recitations by some of the children formed part of the programme, which was well performed. Hymns were sung by some of the Christian convert girls in the Mahratti tongue, set to English music. The prizes were then distributed by Mrs. Bythell to those who had passed in their several studies at the last yearly examination: after which the meeting was brought to a close.

SALE OF THE DALHOUSIE.

THE Indian Government iron steamer Dalhousie, with all her masts and spars, anchors and cables, and ballast and other stores on board as she now lies in Bombay harbour, was sold by public auction held yesterday at the Marine Store, Government Dockyard. The vessel is 243 feet 2 inches long, 30 feet 10 inches beam, 18 feet 2½ inches depth of hold, and 991 tons gross register. The engines had been removed and were not included in the sale; and the boilers, which remained in the steamer, were sold under the condition that they should be removed by the purchaser and broken up. The sale was held in the presence of Captain Hewett, Dock Master, and Mr. C. Jacka, in charge of Marine Store-keeper's office, and commenced with a bid of Rs. 10,000. The bidders were Borah merchants and petty dealers, most of whom had inspected the vessel in the harbour, and were very slow in advancing the bids owing, probably, to the circumstance that they were not at liberty to use or sell the boilers, which had been condemned by the Dockyard officials. The first bid advanced from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 12,000; but the subsequent bids were not higher than Rs. 500 each. In about half an hour from the commencement of the sale the vessel was knocked down for Rs. 17,000 to the highest bidder, Mr. Vulleebhoy Khanbhoy. The sale will not be considered final until the offer is sanctioned by Government.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Rome, Captain G. F. Cates, will sail to-day for London with the English mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Brigade-Surgeon and Mrs. Eteson and child.
Mr. and Mrs. Cruddas, 3 children, and 2 infants.
Rev. G. B. and Mrs Streeton and 1 child.
Sir Offley Wakeman.
Mr. Wakeman-Newport.
Mr. and Mrs. Hallum.
Major H.S. Jarrett & friend.
Col. C. and Mrs. Goodfellow.
Hon. Mr. James and Mrs. Graham, 2 children, and 2 infants.
Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Owen.
Mr. and Mrs. Prinsep and child.
Miss Prinsep.
Miss Perry.
Col. R. S. Simmonds.
Mrs. Dalmahoy and infant.
Lieut-Col. J. M. Galloway.
Mr. G. G. Arbuthnot.
Mrs. Porter and infant.
General and Mrs. Emerson.
Mr. H. J. Hill and Mrs. Hill and 2 children.
Mr. James Gordon.
Mr. John Gordon.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Lambert.
Major and Mrs. Foord.
Major-Genl. and Mrs. Stewart and Miss Stewart.
Two ladies.
Mr. and Mrs. Buyers, 2 children, and one infant.
Rev. D. and Mrs. Mackichan and 2 infants.
Mrs. C. H. Denham and child.
Mrs. Armstrong and child.
Mr. and Mrs. Reinhold and infant.
Miss Hodgkinson.
Mr. A. G. Fernley.
Mrs. Mahony.
Master W. McEvoy.
Mr. A. W. Harrison.
Mrs. Hathaway and 2 children.
Genl. C. M. MacGregor.
Major Walter Scott.
Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Maclaren and child.
Mr. Renttenburg.
Mrs. W. B. Taylor.
Sir R. and Lady Egerton.
Mr. Gell.
Mrs. Clark, 2 children and 1 infant.
Mr. T. Carter.
Mr. and Mrs. Nicol.
Mrs. Welsh and 2 children.
Mr. H. Fraser.
Mrs. Beckett.
Mr. C. H. Dundas.
Mr. Slater.
Mr. Clark.
Mr. W. R. S. Jones.
Mr. L. Porter.
Mr. J. Carpenter.
Sir Salar Jung's two sons.
Mr. G. F. Heenan.
Mrs. Heenan.
Mr. W. P. Hutton.
Mr. and Mrs. Colvin, 1 child and 2 infants.
Mrs. Milton.
Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and child.
Mr. A. G. Smythie.
Mr. J. R. Jarvis.
Mrs. and Miss White.
Mrs. and Miss Steward.
Mr. D. Christie.
A gentleman.
Mrs. Foord.
Mr. R. J. Sunfthire.
Mr. C. W. Park.
Mr. D. Campbell.
Master Hore.
Mrs. Chisholm.
Miss Geohagan.

FOR BRINDISI.

Dr. E. A. H. Roe.
Dr. G. A. Watson.
Mr. and Mrs. Fisher.
Mr. H. G. Joseph.
Capt. J. Hart.
A gentleman.
Mr. Ross Mangles.
Mr. Tebbs.
Rev. A. Bridge.
Dr. Kilkelly.
Lt.-Col. Bosras.
Mr. McMeeking.
Mr. D. N. Doakes.
Mr. McMeekin.

FOR VENICE.

Mr. J. Nugent.
Mr. G. Vaude Weuse.
Mr. W. H. Glenny.
Mr. E. Nicholl.
Miss Dixon.
Mr. W. L. Burgess.
Mr. and Mrs. Mackenzie.

FOR GIBRALTAR.

H. E. the Governor General of Goa.
Mrs. and Miss d'Almeida i Albuquerque.

The following passages have been engaged by the s. s. Thibet, Captain C. Fraser, sailing on 21st April:—

FOR LONDON.

Lt.-Col. A. J. Vibart.
Mrs. C. D. P. Payne.
Mr. W. Callingwood.
Mr. and Mrs. Carter and child.
Sir Pope and Lady Hennessey and child.
Mr. C. Riley.
Mrs. Reay, child, and infant.
Mr. and Mrs. Grant.
Sir Michael and Lady Westropp.
Mr. C. J. Mitchell.
Five native Gentlemen.

FOR BRINDISI.

Sir George & Lady Couper.
Miss Couper and maid.
Mr. D. J. McPherson.
Major C. T. M. Higginson.
Mr. W. S. Foster.
Mr. Steel.
Mr. R. F. Coppins.
Mr. H. G. Ross.
Mrs. Ross.
Major F. S. Carr.
Capt. D. G. Mackenzie.
Col. H. Davies.
Mrs. J. E. Gordon.
Col. Chapman.
Capt. Hawkes.
Mr. D. Collingwood.
The Bishop of Lahore.
Dr. Tosi.

FOR VENICE.

Mr. C. P. Casper.
Lt. Slater.
Mr. and Mrs. Giles & infant.
Col. Tanner.
Mr. Edward Jackson.
Mr. F. W. Buchhastz.

ARRIVAL OF THE TENASSERIM.

THE I. G. steamer Tenasserim, 1,760 tons, Captain B. P. Creaght, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday in tow of the sailing ship Czarwitch, Captain A. Gwyn, R. N., from Madras; which port she left on the 2nd April, Trincomallee 4th, Carwar 10th, and Vingorla 11th. She brought 2 officers, 4 warrant officers, 1 woman, 2 children, and 34 men (invalids and time-expired men of the Royal Fusiliers); 2 native men, 10 women, 15 children, and 14 followers and 173 boxes of specie, containing Rs. 10,37,010. The following are the names of officers:—Brigade Surg. Lithgow, A. M. D., and Lieut. Brinkman, Royal Fusiliers.

ARRIVAL OF THE TROOPSHIP SERAPIS.

HER MAJESTY'S TROOPSHIP SERAPIS, Captain Guy O. Twiss, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday morning from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 17th, Malta 26th, and Port Said 30th March, and Suez 1st April. During the voyage there were no births or deaths. The Serapis experienced fine weather. She brought 66 officers, 9 ladies, and 6 children; and also 185 men, 14 women, and 12 children. The following are the names of officers and their families:—

Maj. Straker and wife, R.A.
Maj. H. Pipon, R. A.
Lieut. E. Vaughan-Hughes, R. A.
Lieut. G. Wright, R. A.
Lieut. G. Osborn, R. A.
Lieut. R. C. O. Stuart, R. A.
Lieut. A. T. Warre, R. A.
Lieut. C. A. Williams, R. A.
Lieut. R. E. Hamilton, R. E.
Lieut. W. W. Baker, R. E.
Lieut. H. L. Pennell, 1st Dragoon Guards.
Lieut. E. H. de T. G. Bell-Martin, 9th Lancers.
Major J. P. Brabazon, 10th Hussars.
Lieut. and Mrs. W. Phillips, 10th Hussars.
Lieut. J. Massy Wes... 12th Lancers.
Capt. W. N. Hill, ... -sars.
Lieut. A. B. ... 14th Hussar...
Major E. ... Lancers.
Lieut. H... 17th ...
Cap...
Lieut. H. Mullaly, R. E...
Lieut. G. G. J. S. Jon... Middlesex.
Lieut. and Mrs. E... -nett, 1st Middle...
Lieut. and Mrs. ... 1st Derbyshi...
Lieut. A. A... Northu...
Lieut. F... 2nd S...
Lieut... R...
Li...

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.
Band, B. V. R. Gymkhana, ladies' afternoon.
Annual meeting, Bombay Temperance League, Apollo-bunder, 7-30 p.m.
Band, Marine Battalion, Apollo-bunder, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 12:—Inchmore (s), from Liverpool; Principia (s), Suez; Sultana, Mauritius. Yesterday:—Pearl (s), Cutch; Huzara (s), Calcutta; H. M. S. Serapis, Portsmouth; I. G. Tenasserim (s) and I. G. Czarwitch, Madras; Eastern Chief, Mauritius.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Nyanza (s), for Zanzibar; Adria (s), Mauritius; Peplwan (s), Bhownagar.

MUSIC AT THE GYMKHANA.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Gymkhana this evening:—

March	Wildbader Colonnaden	Kühner.
Overture	Crown Diamonds	Auber.
Cavatina	Poliuto (I Martiri)	Donizetti.
Selection	Athalie	Mendelssohn.
Valse	Tout à Vous	E. Waldteufel.
Polka	Neu Marker	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following is the programme of music to be played by the band of the Marine Battalion at the Apollo-bunder this evening:—

March		
Overture	Die Frau Meisterin	Suppe.
Valse	Two Kisses	Botto.
Grand Selection	Lucia de Lammermoor	Donizetti.
Valse	Farewell	Relle.
Galop	Merkur	Roedeberk.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Speke Hall left the dock on Wednesday, and the s. s. Hydaspes left yesterday.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—The business of the second Criminal Sessions of the High Court terminated yesterday.

SCHOOL OF ART.—The School of Art examinations commenced on the 12th instant. Mr. ... W. Stevens, C. E., and Mr. C. Wimbridge, M. ... A., are the Government examiners.

LOST.—Antonio Lemon, a seaman of the British ship Citadel, has reported to the police the loss of Rs. 100 in currency notes while he was travelling in a *reklah* on Tuesday night last.

EVADING THE STAMP LICENCE.—Merwanjee Jewanjee was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of selling Indian revenue stamps and foreign bill stamps without a licence from the Collector of Bombay. He was fined Rs. 10.

THEFT.—Teji, woman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing a silver head-ornament, valued at Rs. 10, the property of Ramchunder Jugoonath. Being an old offender, she was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

GIVING FALSE INFORMATION TO A POLICEMAN.—Jaina, woman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of giving false information to police constable No. 222 E., with intent to injure and annoy Sukeena, woman. She was fined Rs. 15.

USING A COUNTERFEIT TRADEMARK.—Nathoo Muljee was fined Rs. 500 by Mr. P. Ryan, at the Fort Police Court yesterday, for selling a bottle of "Painkiller" with a counterfeit trademark, knowing that it was counterfeit, and with intent to deceive the public.

LIGHT MONEY.—Yakoob Ebram was charged before Mr. W. Webb with the possession of forty-three pieces of light coin, some of which he had dishonestly paid away, knowing them to have been deficient in weight. On the application of Inspector Morarrao, the case was postponed for hearing to the 21st instant, to enable the Public Prosecutor to appear for the prosecution.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 3rd April was Rs. 72,67,384. In addition silver received during the week, Rs. 13,46,093, New coin paid during the week, Rs. 9,00,000. The balance left was Rs. 77,13,477. There is in addition silver bullion worth Rs. 1,07,62,275 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults, and awaiting assay.

A SUIT ON PROMISSORY NOTES.—Yesterday at the High Court chambers, before Mr. Justice Bayley, Mr. Payne, of Messrs. Payne and Gilbert, on behalf of Girdhur Malla and others, presented a plaint against Cowasjee Bhimjee and another, seeking to recover Rs. 2,712 for principal and interest due on two promissory notes executed by the defendants on the 27th November, 1880, with further interest thereon until payment and the costs of the suit. His Lordship accepted the plaint as a short cause.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ended Tuesday, 11th April, was 453, being 7 more than in the previous week, 12 less than the week ending 12th April, 1881, and 90 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 266 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1000 of the population per annum was 28·38. There were 78 deaths from remittent fever, being 4 more than the previous week, and 70 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 90, 19, and 8 respectively, compared with 58, 29, and 12 last year. There was only 1 death from cholera last week, as compared to 1 in the week previous.

ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—A very prosperous state of affairs is shown by this institution, which may be termed a product of Bombay. The seventh annual report of the progress of this company is of a very encouraging character. A steady increase of new business appears to have been taken up, amounting to a much larger sum than last year, and excelling in a marked degree results reported on any previous occasion. Proposals were received for sums amounting to Rs. 34,86,275, and on them 803 policies were issued, covering the sum of Rs. 25,42,500; thus yielding a new additional income of Rs. 1,21,892. The total income of the company, including interest on investments, stands at Rs. 2,91,029-10-9. The accumulated fund now amounts to Rs. 3,59,434-12-3; whilst the assets reached Rs. 4,37,834-12-3. The claims for the year amounted to Rs. 25,007-11-0 of which sum Rs. 11,000, or 44 per cent., were recovered, being reassured this sum 4, were European lives for Rs. 15,000, of which Rs. 9,000 re-assured and 4 native lives for Rs. 10,007-11-0, of which Rs. 2,000 re-assured. This brief statement of the affairs of the company serves to show the round portion in which stands and its claims to support. The first principles are local management, all funds are invested in Government Securities, and 80 per cent. thereof invested solely for policy holders in the hands of the Official Trustee of Bombay. One thousand four hundred and forty-two '442 of the remaining shares—being second is due—are to be allotted at par value, Rs. 200 per share, and only Rs. 50 called up, or likely to be. The directors and manager and Actuary—the latter Mr. ... McLauchlan Slater, F. I. A.—are deserving of ... for the careful and economical way in wh... company has been conducted, inasmuch ... the amount of new business done, t... expenses of management, and the s... have fallen in, it is believed that t... by the "Oriental" of Bombay i... any similar company anywhere...

BIG SHIKAR.—We learn ... ists went out after a wi... on returning to Poo... white homebred pig ... is at present at Pa... the mistake, and ... yet been settle...

H. H. ... says:—"... that H... Euro... be s... of ...

ALLEGED TRAFFIC IN SLAVE[S]

YESTERDAY, at the Fort Police Court, bef[ore Mr.] W. Webb, the case against Hafees Abdul K... was resumed. The accused stands charged [with] buying, exporting, importing, and removi[ng as] slaves four girls, named respectively Jamilah, Zufran (11), Jainah (11), and Nur (9).

Mr. Cleveland, Public Prosecutor, appeared fo[r the] prosecution, and Mr. Bomonjee for the def[ence].

Jamilah deposed.—I am an unmarried wo[man]. I do not know my age. (Witness is appare[ntly] about 15 years of age). I am an inhabitant [of] Wachoo in Abyssinia. My father's name is D... I do not know my mother's name. I was ta[ken] away from my home by one Bedassa, and han[ded] over to one Ahmed, a broker. I was then taken [to] Jeddah. I do not know how long ago this was. A... med sold me to one Sulliman. I was then ta[ken] to Mecca, and sold there. I arrived at Mecca ab[out] eight months ago. Sulliman sold me to H... sein, and Hoosein sold me to Kaiyum (the prisone[r]). Kaiyum told me that he had bought me. He d... not tell me what amount of money he bought [me] for. Sulliman and Hoosein are slave brok[ers]. Prisoner took me to his house at Mecca, where h[e] had his wife and his girl, named Mariam. Prisone[r] told me that he bought me for the Sirkar of Bhopal. Sulliman and Hoosein, the brokers, gave me some clothes. One Zufran, girl, was brought to prisoner's house; she was also bought by prisoner. I remained at Mecca in prisoner's house for eigh[t] months. I was then taken to Jeddah by prisoner. We travelled on camels in company with five others. Among them were Hakimjee, prisoner's brother, and Badurkhan, his servant. We were at Jeddah for fifteen days. Zainah and Nur, two other girls, were bought. We were then taken on board of a steamer. We generally slept in one room. The prisoner used to sleep outside the room. I, Zufran, and Mariam went on board first, and prisoner's brother came with us. The prisoner come on board afterwards, and brought Zainah and Nur with him. Prisoner said he was taking us to Bhopal. The steamer arrived in Bombay about a month ago. The steamer anchored at night. We remained ... that night. On the following morn... landed. The prisoner brought me on sh... paid my passage in the steamer. He ... to some place where there was a railway, ... went on the railway. He told us he wa... us to Bhopal. I was one day on the ... Prisoner was arrested by a policeman. My n... Jainah in my native country; the priso... me the name of Jamilah.

The cross-examination of this witness ... served.

Zufran deposed.—I am not married. ... know my age. (Witness is apparently abou[t] ... of age.) I do not know the name of the pl... I was born. I do not know whether my ... are alive. I was very young when I was ta... from my father's house. Some one took m... all I know is, that I was sold to some o... not know his name. I cannot say what country-man he was. I might have been sold ten times. I was last sold at Jeddah. I have been to Mecca. I was at Mecca in the house of a broker. I do not know his name. Prisoner bought me at Mecca from a broker. I saw prisoner there for the first time. I saw Jamilah at the prisoner's house. I came with Jamilah in the same ship to Bombay. My first name was Balillah; the prisoner gave me my present name. I do not wish to remain with him.

The cross-examination of this witness was reserved.

Zainah deposed.—I am not married. I do not know my age. (Witness is apparently about 11 years of age.) I am a native of Lakah in Abyssinia. I do not know my parents. I was very young when I was taken away from them. Some one took me away. I do not know his name. He lived in a village. I remained with him for a long period. He subsequently took me about, and then sold me. I was sold to one Ahmed, a slave broker. Ahmed sold me to one Hoosein, an Arab. Hoosein took me to Jeddah, and sold me there about two years ago to one Hajee Cassum, a Memon. I remained two years with Hajee Cassum. Nur was bought afterwards. She is here now. Hajee Cassum sold me and Nur to the prisoner at Jeddah, I do not know for how much money. The prisoner kept us in his house. He told us that he bought us for the Sirkar of Bhopal. Hajee Cassum was an inhabitant of Bombay. My first name was Imanee; my present name was given me by Hajee Cassum. I do not wish to go to Bhopal. The prisoner paid my passage from Jeddah to Bombay. Nothing was said as to paying me wages.

Nur deposed.—I am not married. I do not know my age. (Witness is apparently about 9 years of age.) I am a native of Goorakoo in Abyssinia. I left my village about three years ago. Some one stole me from my father's house. He was a Christian man who stole me away. He sold me to one Hassain. Hassain took me to a village, and sold me to another man there. I was sold three times. I was sold in Jeddah to a man named Sulliman. Sulliman sold me to Hajee Cassum. Zainah, girl, was there at Jeddah. I and Zainah were sold together. I do not know for what amount of money. I, Jamilah, Zufran, and Zainah came to Bombay together. My former name was Tooroongoo; my present name was given me by the prisoner. The prisoner told us he would take us to Bhopal. I do not wish to remain with him. Since prisoner bought me I was his slave; he pays me no wages.

The cross-examination of this witness was also reserved.

The case was then adjourned for further hearing to Thursday, the 27th instant.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—APRIL 13.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF FORGERY.

THE trial of Bapoojee Dhunjeebhoy Banajee on a charge of forgery was resumed to-day before his Lordship and a special jury consisting of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. W. T. Crockett (foreman), Hurkissondas Narotumdas, A. Harvey, Gunpatrao Moraba Pitale, D. S. Kemp, Amiroodeen Tyebjee, Muncherjee C. Murzban, Alfred King, and Jehangeer Cowasjee Jehangeer.

Mr. Starling, instructed by Mr. Cleveland, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution; and Mr. Lang and Mr. Davar were counsel for the accused.

Saloo Raviero, a servant in the employ of Dorabjee Hormusjee Shroff, was called and examined. He deposed to having seen the prisoner on the day of his arrest in his master's house.

Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Shroff was next called and examined. In his cross-examination by Mr. Lang, witness said:—Dossibai, in 1878, went to Calcutta; but I did not write an aonymous letter to the Viceroy, stating that she was not a proper person to be received. My brother did write a letter in his own name to Col. Burne. I did not admit before Mr. Justice West that the letter had been writ[ten] at my instigation. I only saw and corrected ... was in 1878. I am the managing ... jee Tyebjee, a Borah merchant ... I advanced Rs. 10,000 out of ... brother-in-law, Cowasjee ... curity of a bungalow ... alleged that the mort... my co-executor filed ... enforce the mortga... Justice West in J... the account-boo... falsified by me... Cowasjee's b... about nine ... just begu... of the ... Dossi...

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allowed a decree to go against him, with Counsel remarked that Heerjeebhoy must own that if he had contended the suits any he would have been criminally prosecuted. es had been reported in the public papers, e native newspapers severely comment- n Heerjeebhoy's conduct, and suggested moval from the list of Justices of the For this reason Heerjeebhoy thought ry to throw dirt upon Dossibai, by whose ns his character was exposed, and com- with Dorabjee in concocting the little . It was necessary to prove fraudulent ion in a charge of forgery; and here the evi- on that point rested on the unsupported tes- y of a person like Dorabjee. If there had fraudulent intention, the prosecutor would never consented to incur the risk of forging the ment in Dorabjee's house, instead of his own. risoner was said by Dorabjee to have been prac- forgery for the last fifteen years. Had that the case, he would have amassed a fortune. as a matter of fact, not a cent could be found he prisoner's house when it was searched by police. The plot was concocted to enable rjeebhoy to clear his character, and to injure ainbai if he could, and the prisoner never dreamt at he would be made the victim of that plot when was set to copy the document without any tention to defraud anybody.

dship, in his charge to the jury, said that this case they had heard some details of a miser- le family quarrel, which might in some degree judice them against two of the witnesses, and, on e other hand, might go to act in favour of the risoner. This was a case of public interest, and e details of the quarrel should not be allowed to ffect the merits of the trial. There could be no oubt that the prisoner was engaged in forging a alse document, purporting to be in the handwrit- ng of Heerjeebhoy. It was in evidence that the ccused brought the machinery into Dorabjee's house r the purpose of committing the forgery. ut to constitute a forgery the document must ave been made with fraudulent intention. In e present case fraudulent intention on the part f the prisoner was deposed to by Dorabjee, who told the prisoner that he wanted him to prepare he document for the purpose of being used against Heerjeebhoy. Dorabjee's evidence was that of a man who had been himself convicted of forgery, and who had been constantly in communication with the prisoner, whom he now denounced as a forger, more [illegible] corroborative evidence on the point, [illegible] to the surrounding circum- [illegible] of the case, in order to see [illegible] about any fraudulent inten- [illegible] document only to assist Dorabjee [illegible] was true that the scheme [illegible] was whether the prisoner [illegible] the whole, his Lordship thought [illegible] of evidence was against the prisoner's in[illegible]

The jury, after retiring for a short time, returned a unanimous verdict of guilty of making a false document. A majority of the jury recommended the prisoner to mercy.

The prisoner, on being asked why sentence should not be passed on him, said he had not forged the document. He was shortsighted, and unable to commit forgery. He was beaten by the police, and asked to make a confession. He was asked to turn Queen's evidence against Dossibai.

His Lordship, in passing sentence, said it appeared from the evidence in the case that the prisoner had concocted a false document, and for that offence was liable to transportation, but, acting on the recommendation of the jury, he would sentence the prisoner to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

This being the last case in the calendar, the sessions were formally dissolved.

BENGAL.

TREE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—During the height of the storm on Saturday last, the palm tree which stands on the edge of the tank in front of the Lodge at the "Zoo," was struck by lightning and split in two. Two *mallees* sitting a short distance off escaped unhurt.—*Englishman*

THEOSOPHISM IN CALCUTTA.—A branch of the Theosophical Society has been formed in Calcutta with Baboo Peary Chand Mittra as its President. The Society is one that has secrets which the members pledge themselves not to divulge. The entrance fee has been fixed at Rs. 10, and already we are told some 30 members have been initated.

PROPOSED ADDRESS TO SIR A. EDEN.—Raja Harsukh Narayan Sing, Bahadur, of Raj Soubursa in Bhagalpur, came to Calcutta last week for the purpose of meeting His Honour Sir Ashley Eden, and obtaining his sanction to the presentation of a suitable address on the eve of his departure for England. The Raja has returned to Bhagulpur, and will be again here with other rajas and zemindars of the division for the purpose of presenting the address. The address is to be in a silver casket which is being made by Messrs. Cook and Kelvey.—*Englishman*

THE SIBPUR ENGINEERING COLLEGE.—There seems to be some fatality attaching to this pet project of Sir Ashely Eden's and there should be no disguise in making public what is notorious to those intimately connected with it. We are informed that, during the past fortnight, no less than 16 or 17 out of some 51 Christian lads, who are now studying in the College, are prostrate with fever, and three out of these have been removed for treatment to the Howrah Hospital, where the Civil Surgeon, Dr. Purves, has pronounced them to be suffering from forms of typhoid and typhus. This represents a percentage of over 30 per cent., a figure which speaks anything but favourably of the healthiness of the locality. Last year, out of some 42 Christian lads, no less than five died either from fever or its *sequelæ*, a mortality of over 18 per cent. In contrast to this it may be mentioned that during the eight years of the existence of the Dehri Training School, out of some 48 boys, not a single death from sickness took place, only one boy having been accidentally shot and killed. The grounds on which the Sibpur College and workshops now stand have been raised some six feet above the surrounding country, but to the west and south, and at a distance of less than half a mile from the College, large *jhils* extend for miles together, which will take years to reclaim, and which, no doubt, account for the terrible prevalence of fever and mortality which are apparent from the figures we have given above.—*Englishman*.

Holloway's Pills.—A Remedy for Bilious and Liver Complaints.—Those who suffer from bile and liver complaints should try the effects of this valuable remedy, a few doses of which will make the sufferer feel elastic and vigorous, remove all impurities, give a healthy action to the liver, and strengthen the stomach. If bilious attacks be allowed to continue without using such a preventive, more serious casualties may arise, and the sufferer be consigned to a bed of sickness. Holloway's Pills are an extraordinary remedy, acting immediately in the removal of acidity of the stomach, indigestion, debility, and nausea, preparing the food thoroughly for assimilation, rendering each tributary organ perfect in its function, and stimulating the kidneys.

BY AUCTION.

[illegible]ND COMPANY.

[illegible]IRON AND OTHER [illegible]Y&ULLA.

[illegible]received instructions [illegible]as to sell by public [illegible]ant, at 2 p.m., at [illegible]h Synagogue. [illegible]cles, consisting [illegible]gle and T. iron, [illegible]nner plates, [illegible]grated iron, [illegible]Co.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits at rates to be obtained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.
Bombay, April 1, 1881.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK
OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE:—65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

MONEY REMITTED
[illegible] rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
" SCOTLAND, | " PARIS,
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.
If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.
CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of, Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST

On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

On terms which may be ascertained on application at the Bank.

All letters should be addressed, and hoondies made payable, to the AGENT, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

H. W. JONES,
Bombay, 8th December, 1880. Agent.

HOTELS.

LANOWLEE HOTEL,
A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
FOR FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN.
ARDASEER MERWANJEE, Proprietor.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other Insects are Destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT POWDER, which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals. In exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than, "KEATING'S POWDER," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists in small bottles.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, ENGRAVERS, CHAINMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES in open face, hunting and half-hunting white metal cases, at Rs. 25, 30, 35. Need no further recommendation. Will invariably give the utmost satisfaction in every respect. Guarantee two years. None are genuine unless stamped with our mark.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES in open face, hunting and half-hunting cases, at Rs. 25, 26 and 27, always in stock. These Watches have been sold by us for the last fifteen years, improving steadily in quality, and are now an article unapproached for the price. Guarantee one year.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES of same description and quality as above, but in extra strong and heavy fine silver cases, beautifully finished. In hunting and half-hunting cases, Rs. 35.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

CALENDAR WATCHES.—We beg to bring to the notice of intending buyers these really useful Watches. In size of an ordinary Watch they show, besides the time as usual, on two separate small dials, the dates of the month and the week-days. Guaranteed to be fully reliable. In open face, hunting and half-hunting cases, for Rs. 40.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

MADRAS TIME WATCHES.—These Watches are of exactly the same description as above, with the only difference that instead of the small dial indicating the week-days there is another Watch dial on which a pair of small hands indicate the Railway or Madras-time.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

RAILWAY WATCHES.—The point in view in the manufacture of these celebrated Watches is to secure solidity, durability and good time-keeping. That they have gained that point thousands will certify. The Watches are in stock as under:—
In white metal cases with key, Rs. 40, extra large Rs. 60.
In pure silver " " 60
In white metal " key-less " 40, superior Rs. 50.
In pure silver " " 70
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

MODEL WATCHES for India are undoubtedly our well-known Silver Lever Watches, at Rs. 50 and Rs. 75, and gold Watches at Rs. 150 and Rs. 200. They are fitted with all the latest improvements to insure steady working of the watch in a hot climate.
FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

[illegible]SS WATCHES.—The following Key-[illegible]hes can be confidently recommended to [illegible]as thoroughly reliable with regard to [illegible]in construction and neat in appear-
[illegible].....Rs. 40, 50, 80, 110
[illegible]..... " 45, 80, 110
[illegible]..... " 50, 60, 80, 110
[illegible]g cases " 150, 200, 250, 300
[illegible]Co., Bombay & Calcutta.

[illegible]IES.—Our Chro-[illegible]dial in front and [illegible]been so highly [illegible]ne race-courses
[illegible]utta.

"ROYAL CHARTER."

AMONGST the many brands of Champagne, good, bad and indifferent, it is often rather puzzling to know which to choose, but when a Wine rapidly rises into fame, and is acknowledged by connoisseurs to be of the highest quality, it may be inferred that but little risk is run in ordering it. This is the case with the dry Wines of

WACHTER & Co., OF EPERNAY.

which are patronised by Royalty.—*Morning Post.*

The price is no higher than for other first class Brands.

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY, LAHORE, &c,
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S
EXTRACT
OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*
"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."
Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.
To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

FINEST and CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, for SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. This Caution is necessary, owing to various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the Market.

INVALUABLE FOR INDIA AS AN EFFICIENT TONIC IN ALL CASES OF WEAKNESS. KEEPS GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Limited, 43, Mark Lane, London, England.

MILLINERY. MILLINERY.

MRS. LAKE

HAS the pleasure to announce her arrival from England with a large and choice selection of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,
personally selected by her from the first Paris and London Houses.

MRS. LAKE'S

Long and intimate experience of the class of Goods suitable for India, coupled with a thorough knowledge of the best sources of supply in the European Markets, gives her

SPECIAL FACILITIES IN PURCHASING,
OF WHICH CONSTITUENTS WILL HAVE THE BENEFIT,

An early inspection of the Goods is respectfully solicited.
Wedding and Mourning Orders carefully and promptly attended to.

TERMS—CASH.

Orders from Outstations, to ensure immediate attention, should be accompanied by a remmittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WATCHES! WATCHES!

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY.

BOMBAY, 2, Rampart-row. POONA, 1, East-street.

OWING to the increased sales of our widely renowned watches and further late improvements in their mechanism we are enabled to revise our list of prices and offer to the public a

STERLING SILVER HUNTING WATCH
perfect in finish. Accurate time-keeper.

Rs. 30 ONLY.

LADIES GOLD WATCHES.
In perfect plain cases to the most artistic design AT FROM Rs. 60.

GENTS GOLD WATCHES AT FROM RS. 80.

OUR SPECIALITE IN WATCHES.
CRYSTAL CASE. KEYLESS GOLD LEVERS.
With Compensation Balance.
Never requires opening.
Unsurpassed for excellence of finish and reliability.
We especially recommend this watch to all who desire a really good and serviceable article.

Rs. 150, 170, 200, 250, 300.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.

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WE beg to announce the arrival of our NEW SEASON'S GOODS for the above Department which, having been carefully selected in the best markets, we now offer for inspection.

The stock comprises all the newest makes in Blue and Black, Ribbed and Diagonal Coatings West of England Broad-cloths, Angola Trouserings (specially adapted for India), Ulster-cloths, Bedford-cords, Whip-cords, and every material for Riding and Shikar.

Checked, Striped and Plain Suitings.	Drab Kersey, for Riding Breeches.
Grey and Drab Homespun do.	White Cassimere for Racing do.
The New Diagonal Tweed do.	Cricketing and Boating Flannels.

Gymkhana Flannels.

MILITARY, NAVAL AND POLITICAL UNIFORMS, &c.

LADIES' ULSTERS AND RIDING HABITS.

We guarantee fit and style in any orders entrusted to us equal to that of the best London Establishments, and as we receive consignments of goods every mail, we are in a position to submit all the latest novelties, in style and material, for our Customers' approval. Patterns and instructions for self-measurement sent, post-free, on application.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY, AND SECUNDERABAD.

THORPE AND CO.

[illegible]ELMETS! HELMETS!!

[illegible]IAL STOCK FOR THE HOT SEASON.

[illegible]tion Helmets, best quality, covered White Doe.	18	0
[illegible] Helmets, covered White Drill, best quality.	13	8
[illegible]ins	12	0
[illegible]alry...	15	0
[illegible]rk on Felt, covered White Drill, wide		
[illegible]on	13	8
[illegible] Flax, Leather Bound, wide Brim,		
[illegible]	13	8
[illegible]tilated, and very light ...	10	8
[illegible] Air-chamber, Double Felt		
[illegible]ntent inner Band, easy		
[illegible]	17	
[illegible]ht...		

[illegible] a splendid pro

EDMOND CHARPIE,
WATCHMAKER OF BOMBAY, make
ESPECIALLY FOR INDIA.

FIRST CLASS CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES, in strong neat nickel silver case, crystal front at ... ... Rs. 25
SUPERIOR HUNTING SILVER LEVER WATCHES, at ... ... " 25

BOTH OF THEM are constructed to stand any climate and rough usage, and especially made FOR THE ARMY AND RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

Forwarded free of Package and Postage to any parts of India by value payable system.

For ANY OTHER KIND OF GOOD WATCHES from Rs. 14 to Rs. 1,500. Please send for catalogue of the well-known establishment of

EDMOND CHARPIE, WATCHMAKER,
MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
SPOONS, FORKS, &c.
RICHLY ELECTRO-PLATED ON BEST NICKEL SILVER.

	Fiddle Pattern.		Old English Pattern.		Lily Pattern.		King's Pattern.		Thread and shell Pattern.	
	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
Table Spoons ... ... per doz.	30	0	32	0	36	0	36	0	40	0
Dessert " ... ... "	22	0	24	0	28	0	28	0	32	0
Tea " ... ... "	10	0	12	0	16	0	17	0	18	0
Table Forks ... ... "	30	0	32	0	36	0	36	0	40	0
Dessert " ... ... "	22	0	24	0	28	0	28	0	32	0
Soup Ladles ... ... each.	9	0	19	0	13	0	13	0	13	0
Sauce " ... ... "	3	0	3	0	3	4	3	4	3	8
Grevy Spoons ... ... "	6	0	7	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Fish Knives, pierced and engraved blade "	12	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0
Butter Knives ... ... "	2	8	2	12	3	0	3	0	3	8
Sugar Spoons ... ... "	1	0	1	4	1	8	1	8	1	12
Salt " with gilt bowl ... "	1	4	1	6	1	8	1	8	1	12
Egg " " " ... "	1	4	1	6	1	8	1	8	1	12
Mustard " " " ... "	1	4	1	6	1	8	1	8	1	12
Sugar Sifters (gilt Rs. 2 extra) ... "	3	0	3	8	4	0	4	8	5	0
Sugar Tongs ... ... "	3	0	3	0	3	4	3	8	3	8
Marrow Spoons ... ... "	3	0	3	0	3	8	3	8	4	0
Cheese Scoop (with Ivory handle Rs. 9). "	2	8	2	12	3	0	3	0	3	8
Cuddy Spoons ... ... "	1	0	1	4	1	8	1	8	1	8
Toddy Ladles ... ... "	2	0	2	4	2	8	2	12	3	0
Ice Tongs ... ... "	3	0	3	0	4	0	4	0	4	4
Salad " ... ... "	12	0	14	0	17	0	17	0	18	0
Salad Spoons and Forks ... ... "	14	0	14	0	17	0	17	0	18	0
Pickle Forks ... ... "	1	0	1	4	1	8	1	8	1	12
Skewers ... ...per inch.	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8
Asparagus Tongs ... ... each.	15	0	17	0	19	0	19	0	20	0

HAMILTON & CO.,
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS,
BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.S.I.,
Next door to National Bank.
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY,
CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.s'
MEDOC, bottled in Bombay.
Cash per doz. qts. Rs. 9-4
" " pts. " 6-4

FOR SALE, at the Office of the undersigned:—
SHERRIES from Messrs. KENNETH MACKENZIE and Co. from Rs. 1-8 to Rs. 33 per dozen.
CHAMPAGNES from JOSEPH KOHNSTAMM, very SUPERIOR CART DORÉE.
Quarts, Rs. 42 per dozen.
Pints, " 45 " "
Do. from GUSTAVE COLLIN, CARTE BLANCHE
Quarts, Rs. 36 per dozen.
Pints, " 39 " "
FLEUR DE SILLERY.
Quarts, Rs. 27 per dozen.
Pints, " 30 " "
SILLERY SUPERIEUR.
Quarts, Rs. 24 per dozen.
PILSENER BEER.
Quarts, Rs. 5-12 per dozen.
JOHN FLEMING & Co.
Bombay, 1st April, 1882.

NOTICES.

PORTLAND CEMENT.
FOR SALE, Messrs. I. C. JOHNSON & Co.'s CEMENT, second to none in quality. Price Rs. 8-12 per cask of 400 lbs. nett.
JOHN FLEMING & Co.
Elphinstone Circle.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
NOTICE.
THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Bank will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 27th instant, both dates inclusive.
By order of the Board,
W. A. BAKER,
Bombay, 10th April, 1882. Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Five per cent. per annum on the paid-up Capital of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, will be paid to registered shareholders at the Office of the Company, on or after the 15th April, 1882.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. MCLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Manager and Actuary.
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 3rd April, 1882.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS,
WEIGHING 80 lbs., Price Rs. 75, can be had at short notice on application, accompanied by remittance in full, to
The AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.
Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.
GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

SNOW-VIEW
TEA GARDEN
PALAMPUR P. O.
KANGRA VALLEY.
THE Proprietors of the Snow-View Tea Garden have determined to offer their Teas to the public direct from the Factory, thereby assuring to their constituents an unadulterated and UNMIXED article, and eliminating from the price of the Tea the Middleman's profits, which range from 40 to 100 per cent. They offer their produce at ordinary Factory quotations for CASH WITH ORDER only.
They guarantee their Teas to be equal in manufacture to the best marks in the Kangra Valley.
On receipt of Rs. 3 in half-anna postage stamps they will send by Bhaugy Dak BEARING a 1-lb. [illegible] Orange Pekoe,

NOTICES.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
Sold by all Stationers.
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

FOR SALE.

AGRICULTURAL BANKS FOR INDIA.

BY
W WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
May be had at this office and at the book-seller.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY [illegible]

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10: Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Carrier, and every class of shoeing done.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.
A pair of T-B. Walers (Mare and Gelding), 6 years old, 15-2 high, well broken, quiet and good movers in harness, Rs. 1,000.
A T-B. Mare, 6 years, 16 hands, thoroughly quiet in saddle and harness, and a good fencer, Rs. 1,300.
A bay Arab Horse, 5 years old, 14-2 high, handsome charger, carries a lady, and a pretty mover in harness, Rs. 700.
A grey C-B. Mare, 7 years old, 15 hands, well [illegible] bred and good shape. A capital saddle mare, Rs. 400.
A very handsome flea-bitten grey Arab Horse, 7 years old, 14-1½, very showy and fast in saddle and harness, Rs. 650.
A chesnut Arab Horse, 6 years old, 14-2 high, a capital brougham horse, thoroughly broken and quiet, Rs. 400.
Also a number of other Horses on commission sale.
ROBERT [illegible] SCOTT & CO.
Girgaum Vety. Stables, March 9, 1882.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT [illegible] COMPANY, LIMITED.
(BRANCH OF THE SOCIETE GÉNÉRALE.)
CAPITAL Rcs. 8,500,000.
PATENTEES OF THE JABLOCHKOFF SYSTEM.
AGENTS OF SAUTTER LEMONNIER & Co.'S GRAMME'S ELECTRIC MACHINES AND OTHER SYSTEMS OF ELECTRIC LAMPS AND ACCESSORIES.
EVERY SYSTEM OF ELECTRIC LIGHTING SUPPLIED.
Advice and information given upon all the different systems in use.
Estimates supplied for permanent and temporary Lighting.
This Company has supplied Electric Lights in India to—
THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT.
THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
THE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
THE GUARANTEED RAILWAYS.
THE MUNICIPALITIES.
NUMEROUS COTTON RAJAHS.
PRESSES, &c., &c., &c. AND RICE MILLS.
STOCKS OF MACHINERY AND ACCESSORIES ALWAYS ON HAND.

CONSIDERABLE REDUCTIONS IN PRICES OF MATERIAL AND CANDLES SINCE JANUARY 1, 1882.
Competent mechanic-electrician sent to instruct [illegible]ans sent to erect works and purchasers.
AGENCIES:
PEEL, CASSELS & Co.... BOMBAY.
ARBUTHNOT & Co..... MADRAS.
GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT & Co.. CALCUTTA
GILLANDERS ARBUTHNOT & Co... RANGOON.

J. NEUBERG,
[illegible] Meadow-street.
MACHINE-CUT TOBACCOS.
NEUBERG'S CELEBRATED
"GOLDEN BLOCK MIXTURE"
MANUFACTURED DAILY.
Per 1 lb. tin—Rs. 3-4 | Per ½ lb. tin—Re. 1-12
NEUBERG'S
VIRGINIA HONEY DEW,
"AN OLD SMOKER'S CHOICE."
Rs. 2 per [illegible] tin.
NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN [illegible]HAG.
Highly recommended, combining the delicate aroma of the pure Virginia with the pleasant fulness of the choicest Latakia.
Rs. 2 per [illegible]
NEUB[illegible]

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SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON,
ESTABLISHED 1710.
INSURANCES effected upon Merchandise, Warehouse, Shops, Dwelling-Houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.
CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.
PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY,
FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.
THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK, and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.
WALLACE & Co., Agents,
4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,
IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India, to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Private Bondsmen.
The Security of the Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officer under Government and Public Companies.
Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.
Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.
Premiums periodically reduced.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I. A.,
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL £500,000.
ESTABLISHED 1834.
HEAD OFFICE,
1, King William-street, London, E.C.
LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
JOHN GORDON, Esq., Secretary, Chamber of Commerce.
E. TYRELL LEITH, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
ANDREW HAY, Esq.,
JAMES HUTTON, Esq., Manager, Agra Bank.
MEDICAL ADVISER:
DR. HENRY COOK.
INSURANCES effected for WHOLE TERM OF LIFE OR SHORT PERIODS, with or without participation in Profits, and on the LIMITED PAYMENT SYSTEM.
Participating Policies which have been six years in force receive a LIBERAL BONUS, equal for the past 18 years to a reduction of 30 PER CENT. on the premium.
For particulars of rates and proposal papers, apply to
KING, KING & Co.,
Agents & Secretaries.
Bombay, Sept. 1, 1881.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.
BOMBAY BRANCH,—14, RAMPART ROW.
INVESTMENTS.
"IN accordance with the practice followed at previous investigations, the Securities held by the Company were examined and reported upon by a special Committee appointed for that purpose. The Report of that Committee, of which I has the honour of acting as chairman, has been read, and you will have observed from it that every separate security passed under the examination of the Committee. The Invested Funds of the Company now exceeding FIVE-AND-A-HALF MILLIONS sterling, the importance of such Investigation cannot be over-estimated; and it must be most satisfactory to all concerned to learn that their Funds are invested in no speculative manner, but on good tangible securities."—*Extract from the Speech of Mr. T. G. Murray, Chairman of the Meeting, at the tenth division of Profits.*
Copies of the Report containing details of the Investments, Forms of Proposal, and all information may be obtained on application.
THOMAS LANG, Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

NOTICES.

[illegible]ALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR [illegible]CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
[illegible].W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.

[illegible] & SON,
[illegible]ERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE.
Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO.,
LONDON,
EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,
Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full Remittance.

STEEL BOILERS.
DANIEL ADAMSON & CO.,
ENGINEERS AND BOILER-MAKERS,
DUKINFIELD, NEAR MANCHESTER, ENGLAND,
ORIGINAL PATENTEES OF
THE ADAMSON FLANGE SEAM FLUE
Of which many thousands are now in use, and also of
BOILERS HAVING ALL RIVET HOLES DRILLED IN POSITION
AFTER PLATES ARE BENT INTO FORM.
BOILERS of all types, in STEEL or IRON,
With rivet holes drilled by special system.
DANIEL ADAMSON & Co. have, for the last TWENTY YEARS, made STEEL BOILERS A SPECIALITY and have over
1,800 STEEL BOILERS
Now working at pressures from 50 lbs. to 250 lbs. per square inch.
ENGINES of all descriptions. THE WHEELOCK AUTOMATIC EXPANSION ENGINE, Centennial Medal and Diploma, Philadelphia, 1876; Grand Prize, Paris, 1878, and First Prize, Cincinnati, 1880, in competition with the Corliss and other Automatic expansion Engines.
Established] THE ONLY OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM OF THIS NAME. [1851

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE"
CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE,
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
Cures Cold Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.
As his mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS.
CURE OF RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC ERUPTION.
The Elms, North Cheam Surrey.
"Sir,—I had been suf[illegible]